FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

[VOL. XXXVII.] FAYETTEVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1853. [NO. 1895.]

PRINTED, WEEKLY,
BY J. B. NEWBY.
EDWARD J. HALE & SON,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

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ADVERTISEMENTS inserted for sixty cents per square of 16 lines for the first, and thirty cents for each succeeding publication. Yearly advertisements by special contracts, at reasonable rates. Advertisers are requested to state the number of insertions desired, or they will be continued till forbid, and charged accordingly. ☞ Letters to the Editors must be post-paid. ☞ Obituary notices, (including resolutions of societies, &c.) exceeding ten lines in length, will hereafter be charged for as advertisements. No charge for those less than ten lines.

NOTICE TO TRAVELLERS.

THE ACCOMMODATION LINE from Fayetteville to Warsaw is now prepared to carry passengers with despatch. They will connect with the morning train going North. This train connects with the Portsmouth and Petersburg route at Weldon. I will make the connection both ways, CERTAIN, more than the stage has done heretofore. We leave Warsaw on arrival of the morning train from the North. Passage $4.

J. B. ASKEW.

Sept. 5, 1853. 25tf

COPARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned have associated themselves in a copartnership, for the purpose of transacting the Mercantile business, under the firm and style of

W. H. Lutterloh & Co.

We have taken the stand formerly occupied by T. S. Lutterloh, near the foot of Haymount, where we will take pleasure in waiting on our customers. We will give particular attention to the Bartering business, and the purchase of all kinds of Country Produce.

We have now in Store a good assortment of Groceries and Provisions, Leather, Blacksmiths' Tools, Iron, &c., and are daily expecting to receive from the Northern cities a full and complete stock of every article in the Grocery line; also, Hats, Boots, Shoes, &c., which we will sell for cash or good paper, or barter on as good terms as any establishment in Fayetteville.

Country Merchants will find it to their advantage to give us a call.

W. H. LUTTERLOH.
M. J. RAMSEY.

August 12, 1853. 25tf

New Medicine Store.

WE have just received a new supply of select MEDICINES, together with a superior article of French Brandy, choice Madeira, Port, Sherry and Claret Wines, (which were selected for us by a judge, from one of the best houses in Philadelphia, for medical purposes.)

As our Medicines were bought with a view to Prescriptions, Farmers and others who keep Family Medicines will do well to give us a call. All our Medicines are warranted to be of the most select kind.

HALL & ROBINSON,
At the Old Stand of Drs. B. & B. W. Robinson,
corner of Old and Green streets.

N. B. Prescriptions carefully and accurately put up.
H. & R.

Sept. 5, 1853. 25tf

Citrate of Magnesia, a cooling and

pleasant Purgative. For sale by
HALL & ROBINSON.

Sept. 5, 1853. 25tf

CARBONATE SODA.
Sal. Eratus.
Pearl Starch.
Saltpetre.
Borax.
Tooth Powders.
" Brushes.
Evans's Lancets.
Mustard.

Fluid Extract of Senna.
Comp. Syrup of Sarsaparilla.
Harlam Oil, or Medicamentum.
British Oil.
Cod-liver Oil.
Turlington's Balsam.
Windsor Soap.
Nutmegs, &c. &c.

For sale by
HALL & ROBINSON.

Sept. 5, 1853. 25tf

A large supply of Balsam Capsules.

For sale by
HALL & ROBINSON.

Sept. 5, 1853. 25tf

NOTICE.

THE subscriber having changed his former business, will be found at the Store on North-East corner of Market Square, recently occupied by Mr Hugh Graham. All persons indebted to him are earnestly requested to call on him promptly and settle. D. CLARK.

THE Subscribers have formed a Copartnership, under the name and style of Clark & Woodward, for the purpose of carrying on the Tailoring Business, in connection with the sale of Ready-Made Clothing, Cloths, Casimeres, Vestings, &c.

Their stock was selected with great care by one of the firm, in New York, and is now ready for examination.

D. CLARK.
A. J. WOODWARD.

Sept. 5, 1853. 25-2m

POCKET BOOK LOST.

THE subscriber lost his Pocket Book yesterday, between the first Toll House on the Southern Plank Road and Rockfish Factory, containing some six or seven dollars in Bank notes and one Note on Neill McNeill, Esq. of Robeson Co. for $29, one ditto on Wm. Willis, Esq. of Robeson Institute, for $50, both payable to Thos. H. Ellis, and endorsed by him to me.—All persons are cautioned against trading for said Notes. TIMOTHY S. REGANS.

St. Paul's, Robeson, Aug. 30, 1853. 24-1m

NOTICE.

DOCTORS Mallett & McSwain having left their Books and papers with W. McL. McKay, who is fully authorised to receipt for the same, all their customers living West of the Cape Fear River, who may be in arrears either by note or account, will confer a favor by calling on him and settling the same.

W. P. MALLETT.
H. A. McSWAIN.

Fayetteville, Aug. 30, 1853. 24tf

WATCHES, JEWELRY, AND FANCY GOODS.

The Subscriber is now receiving a large and well selected Stock of Gold and Silver Watches and Jewelry of the latest styles; *Silver and Plated Ware*; Gold, Silver and Steel Spectacles; Gold Pencils and Pens; Fine Pocket and Pen Knives; Fine Razors and Scissors; Mathematical Instruments; Surveyors' Compasses and Chains; Double and single-barrel Guns; Powder Flasks; Shot Belts; Game Bags; Percussion Caps; a good assortment of Pistols; Walking Canes; Port-Moneys; Pocket and Dressing Combs; Hair, Flesh, Tooth and Lather Brushes; a good assortment of Violins and Bows; Clarionets; Flageolets; Flutes; Fifes; Accordeons, large and small Music Boxes; Violin and Guitar Strings; Microscopes; Spy Glasses; Ladies' Work Boxes; Coral; Eight and One-day Clocks; variety of Fancy Goods, &c. &c.

All of which will be sold low.

☞ All kinds of Watches and Clocks cleaned and repaired.

W. PRIOR.

Sept. 1, 1853. 24-3m

WANTED.

TWO CARRIAGE PAINTERS will find steady employment and good wages by applying to
A. A. McKETHAN.

Sept. 3, 1853. 25-tf

1853.
Fall and Winter Goods.

THE undersigned are now receiving a LARGE stock of Goods, consisting of a full assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Dress Goods; a large supply of Ready-made Clothing; Hats, Caps, Bonnets, Boots and Shoes; Saddlery; Hardware; Groceries; Drugs and Medicines;

With a great many other kinds of Goods, which we will sell on accommodating terms.

J. T. COUNCIL & CAIN.

Sept. 1, 1853. 24-2m

P. S. Persons who have been indebted to us for one year or more will please pay up.

LEATHER BANDS.

THOROUGHLY stretched, cemented, and riveted. The above Bands are sold 20 per cent. less than New York manufacturers' prices. Cash will be required in every instance. For sale by
W. H. LUTTERLOH.

Fayetteville, Nov. 16, 1852. 31tf

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!!

BEING determined to quit selling Liquors, we now offer a small lot of Fine Liquors at New York cost and charges: such as French Brandy; Jamaica and St. Croix Rum; Port, Madeira, Malaga and Teneriffe Wines; 3 baskets Champagne, (Anchor Brand;) Champagne Cider, &c. Persons wishing to purchase any of the above Liquors would do well to call and see us.

TROY & MARSH.

Aug. 4, 1853. 16-tf

LUMBER! LUMBER!!

WE HAVE on hand a large amount of Lumber of different kinds—flooring, wide boards, weather-boards, scantling, laths, &c.; some of which is partly seasoned. Also, a large assortment of refuse; will sell refuse boards *at the mill* at $1 per M., scantling at $2 and good edged boards at $3. Sawed staves, seasoned. Bills filled at short notice.

JONES & BARBEE.

Greenwood, Cumberland, N. C., Aug. 4, 1853. [17tf

New Stock Seasonable Goods

THE subscriber respectfully begs leave to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has just received his Stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

Embracing a General Assortment of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Bonnets, Misses' and Children's Hats, Worsted Patterns, Umbrellas and Parasols, Boots and Shoes.

ALSO, SUGAR AND COFFEE, &c. &c.

P. SHEMWELL.

North west Corner Market Square, Green st.

Fayetteville, N. C., April 1, 1853. 83tf

CASSIMERES, CASSIMERES.

I HAVE just received a fresh supply of that celebrated SALEM CASSIMERE, to which I would call the attention of my friends and the public in general.

P. SHEMWELL.

May 3, 1853. 91tf

NEW DRUG STORE.

THE subscriber having taken the Store on Green street, known as the McPherson Building, nearly opposite Dr. Robinson's Shop, is now receiving a fresh and well assorted stock of

Drugs, Chemicals, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye-Stuffs, and Perfumery.

Together with a good assortment of Hair, Flesh, Tooth, Paint, and Whitewash Brushes; Cupping, Tooth, and Surgical Instruments; Galvanic Batteries, &c. &c. All of which he offers low for Cash or on time to punctual customers.

Orders respectfully solicited from Country Physicians and others, who may depend on procuring fresh and genuine articles, and that no pains will be spared to give satisfaction both in quality and price.

☞ MEDICAL PRESCRIPTIONS carefully and accurately prepared.

J. N. SMITH.

Jan'y 24, 1853. 62tf

Fayetteville Hotel.
JOHN HARMAN

Respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has removed from the Hotel at the foot of Haymount to the larger and more commodious Hotel in the centre of the Town, recently occupied by Mrs. Brown, and well known as the Fayetteville Hotel, where he will be happy to accommodate Travellers and Boarders. No exertions of himself and family will be spared to render those comfortable who may favor him with their company.

Fayetteville, N. C., June 3, 1853. 200tf

I HAVE received and opened the largest Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, &c., I ever offered for sale, all of which I will sell as low as any house in this place. My friends and customers, and all in want of Goods, are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves. PETER P. JOHNSON.

Fayetteville, N. C., September 1853. 28tf

NEW FALL GOODS.
STARR & WILLIAMS

HAVE now received a portion, and expect to receive this week their ENTIRE STOCK of FALL GOODS, consisting of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Shoes, Boots, Hats, Caps, Bonnets and Umbrellas; with a large lot of Ready-made Clothing.

The above Stock is the largest we have ever offered in this market, and will be sold at WHOLESALE for Cash, or on the usual time for approved notes.

Merchants are invited to examine our Goods.

J. B. STARR.
J. M. WILLIAMS.

August 15, 1853. 19tf

MARBLE FACTORY,

By GEO. LAUDER.
TWO DOORS ABOVE C. T. HAIGH & SON'S STORE,
Fayetteville, N. C.

Jan'y 20, 1853. 61-1Ypd

NOTICE.
$50 REWARD.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, about the 15th of July, 1851, his negro girl Sarah. Said negro is about 16 years of age, black, with large white eyes, large limbs, weighs about 130 pounds.

Said girl is supposed to be lurking in the neighborhood of Mr. Isaac Wright's or Gen. McKay's, in Bladen county. The above reward will be paid for her delivery to me, or her confinement in any jail in the State of North Carolina. WM. G. BUTLER.

Clinton, N. C., March 14, 1853. 77tf

SALES OF LOTS ON
Beaufort Harbor.

THE Carolina City Land Company will sell to the highest bidder on their premises, at White Hall, on Monday the 31st day of October next, a large number of valuable Lots.

The lands of this Company front about two miles on the most accessible and best part of the Harbor, and are considered the most valuable on it. They are in full view of the Ocean, and will be handsomely and conveniently laid out for business and pleasure. No improvement can be made with Central or Western Carolina, or the waters connected with the Harbor, without benefiting these lands. The Carolina City Company, aware of this fact, beg leave to say that they have no "agents or drummers in the Western part of the State" or any where else, offering to sell Lots at a low rate to secure influence, but that all the sales of their land are required, by the articles of agreement, to be to the highest bidder.

The gentlemen who compose this Company have made arrangements to improve their lands to the amount of about $50,000. During the winter and ensuing spring, a large Hotel will be built, Wharves, Turpentine Distilleries and a Steam Saw Mill will be put in operation.

There is excellent clay on the premises for making brick and also on the adjacent waters; and as experience has proved the importance of fire proof buildings in a commercial place, the board will not allow any but substantial fire proof buildings to be permanently erected on any lands they may sell.

To persons who may prefer, the board will lease lots for a term of years. They respectfully invite all persons in any way interested to be present at the sale and see for themselves. Especially mechanics; ship carpenters, brick masons, &c., as for them no richer harvest can be promised than the future prospects of Carolina City.

Terms of Sale.

One fourth cash—the balance in instalments at 12, 18 and 24 months, interest from date.

All letters on business of the Company address to John M. Rose, Sec'y, Fayetteville, N. C.

By order of the Board,
T. R. UNDERWOOD, President.

August 13, 1853. 19-2m

Watches and Jewelry.

THE subscriber has recently returned from the North, with decidedly a very rich and well selected stock of

Watches & Jewelry,

Embracing all the lates styles and fashions.

Large lot of SILVER WARE: Spoons, Soup Ladles, Sugar Tongs, Dining and Dessert Forks, (plain, threaded, J. L. and Brunswick patterns,) Butter Knives; Mugs; Salt, Cream and Mustard Spoons. Plated Goods: Tea Sets, Coffee Urns, Chamber and Parlor Candlesticks, Castors, Sugar Dish, Snuffer and Tray, Ladies' Work Boxes.—Full assortment of Military Goods. Clarionets, Flageolets, Flutes, Fifes, Accordeons, Flutinas, large and small Music Boxes, (some with Piano accompaniment,) Violins, (some very fine Italian.) Surveyors' Compasses and Chains, Mathematical Instruments, Eye Glasses for Miners, very fine Razors and Straps, fine Scissors. Large lot Pocket and Table Cutlery, some in sets of 51 pieces. Pocket Knives, with spoon, fork, blade, phleme, &c. Large lot of well selected double-barrel Guns, Powder Flasks, Shot Belts, Game Bags, &c. A good assortment of Colt's and various other kinds of Pistols. Five or six different kind of Clocks; Walking Canes,

And various other notions, which I would like to sell very low. J. M. BEASLEY.

August 13, 1853. 19-3m

A NEW INVENTION.

THE undersigned has made an invention of a Smut Machine, which he will insure to be perfect in the extraction of smut in wheat, and wishes to inform Mill Owners that he is putting up machines at Union Factory, on Deep River, eight miles North of Ashborough.

My machines are composed of three distinct principles, centrifugal, scowering and reaction. It takes the wheat through three operations in going through the machine once.

Any persons buying a machine, after trying it, if it does not clean wheat, damp or dry, I will take it back. Price Seventy-five Dollars.

All letters addressed to New Salem Post Office, Randolph county. P. P. FREEMAN.

Oct. 12, 1852. 34Y

A BARGAIN OFFERED.

AS the undersigned has determined to remove to the West, she offers for sale that commodious House, which she now occupies, in the village of Summerville, and all appurtenances thereunto belonging. Also, 126 acres of land at the mouth of Cross Creek, in the town of Fayetteville, a short distance above the Clarendon Bridge. Terms cash, or paper negotiable at either of the Banks in Fayetteville. Reference, as to the Cross Creek land, is made to James Banks, Esq., of Fayetteville. E. BAILEY.

Summerville, N. C., June 6, 1853. 1tf

BOOK BINDERY.

R. W. HARDIE has resumed the Book Binding Business at the new Store next door to Mr. Beasley, Jeweller, where he will receive and execute binding in any style desired.

August 1. 27tf

JUST RECEIVED,

A PRIME lot Mountain Butter.
New Orleans and Cuba Molasses.
Java, Laguira and Rio Coffee.
Sugar, Rice, &c.

WORTH & ELLIOTT.

March 7, 1853. 75tf

REDUCED FARE.

Through Tickets between Wilmington, N. C., and Baltimore. Fare $13. Via Weldon, Petersburg, Richmond, & Washington City, or via Weldon, Portsmouth and Norfolk.

For Tickets apply at the Office of the Wilmington and Raleigh Rail Road Company at Wilmington, or at the Office of the Baltimore Steam Packet Company, and of the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company, Pratt Street, Baltimore.

Jan. 1, 1852. 53-tf

At Reduced Prices.
Rifles, Shot-Guns, Pistols, &c.
EDWARD K. TRYON,
134 No. 2nd St., PHILADELPHIA,

MANUFACTURER and Importer of Rifles, Shot-Guns, Pistols, Flasks, Shot Pouches, Rifle Locks, Barrels, and materials for Gun Makers' use.

Dealers will find it to their interest to examine qualities and prices of my goods before purchasing elsewhere.

July, 1853. 11*16t

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE,

LARGE No. 3, Mackerel.
" " Herring.
Fresh Lime.
" Plaster Paris.
" Cement and Plastering Hair.

J. W. POWERS & CO.

July 22, 1853. 13-tf

SADDLES.

WE are now receiving the largest stock of SADDLES AND SADDLERY ever offered in this Market, which we will sell to country Merchants at such prices as will induce them to buy. Call and see.

J. & T. WADDILL.

Fayetteville, Sept. 13, 1853. 28tf

NEW GOODS
At the old stand of H. Branson & Son.

THE UNDERSIGNED have just received a LARGE STOCK OF GOODS, embracing a general assortment recently bought in the northern market under favorable circumstances. They have

Loaf, crushed, powered and brown sugars; Java, Laguira and Rio Coffee; pepper, spice, ginger, cloves and nutmegs; sup. carb. soda; indigo; madder; borax; camphor; alum; epsom salts; saltpetre; molasses; syrup; salt; iron; saddles, bridles and martingals; collars; wagon and buggy whips; spades, shovels and forks; trace, dog, tongue, breast and halter chains; coffee mills; wagon boxes; mill, cross-cut and hand saws; cut nails and spikes; a good assortment of pocket and table cutlery; blacksmith tools complete; turpentine hackers, scrapers, dippers and axes; broad and chopping axes; guns; window glass; rivets. A large stock of ready-made clothing and staple dry goods; gunny and hemp bagging; rope and twine; Swedes, American bar and hoop iron; square and octagon cast steel; German and blister steel; *safety-fuse and blasting powder*; hats, caps, boots and shoes, western and North Carolina bacon; together with almost every article sold in this market, all of which will be sold at fair prices for cash, on time to prompt customers, or country produce generally.

G. W. WILLIAMS & CO.

July 30, 1853. 15-tf

☞ The office of the Cape Fear Steamboat Company is kept in the above building.

J. D. WILLIAMS, Agent.

The Subscriber still continues to carry on the CABINET BUSINESS in Fayetteville, and in addition to his Establishment on Bow Street, near Eccles's Bridge, has opened a large WARE ROOM on Hay street, nearly opposite the Fayetteville Hotel, and one door East of Messrs. Haigh & Son's, where a general assortment of

FURNITURE,

Made by competent and faithful workmen, may be had at prices corresponding with the times. Also, an assortment of Northern-made FURNITURE, selected by himself, which will be sold at a very moderate advance.

DUNCAN McNEILL.

Nov. 10, 1851. 38tf

HE keeps on hand an assortment of Fisk's celebrated METALLIC BURIAL CASES, which have been highly recommended by Willie P. Mangum, Henry Clay, Lewis Cass, Wm. R. King, and many other illustrious characters, who have examined and witnessed their utility.

Groceries and Dry Goods.

THE subscriber has taken the East end of the Store lately occupied by Cook & Taylor, where he would be pleased to see his old customers and others.

My stock of GROCERIES will be large and full.

I will take in payment any kind of Country Produce. Cash will not be refused, or credit to punctual customers. JAS. G. COOK.

May 2, 1853. 90tf

Fayetteville Candy Manufactory.

THE subscriber still continues to manufacture a superior article of plain and fancy CANDIES, at the old stand, (No. 5, Green street, 3 doors North of the Market House,) where he would be happy to see his old friends and customers.

CHARLES BANKS.

March 7, 1853. 73tf

NEW BAKERY.

THE Subscriber has established a Bakery on Bow Street, on the Lot two doors East of Duncan McNeill's Cabinet Shop. He is prepared to furnish Families, Boats, and the public generally, with Bread, Biscuit, and Cakes of various kinds, of the best quality, as he has procured the services of one of the best Bakers in the State. Prices reasonable. Give me a call.

CHA'S BANKS.

Fayetteville, Dec. 28, 1852. 55-tf

WANTED,

20,000 BBLS. Turpentine, delivered at my Distillery in this place, for which the highest prices will be paid.

I would also employ two or three good turpentine-barrel Coopers. D. W. ROGERS.

Lumberton, N. C., Feb'y 10, 1853. 68tf

Fall Goods, 1853.

COOK & JOHNSON are now receiving their FALL STOCK, embracing an extensive assortment of

Hardware and Cutlery, Groceries, Crockery and Glass-Ware, Paints, Oils and Dye-Stuffs,

Together with their usual supply of other Goods, to which they invite the attention of country Merchants visiting this market.

Sept. 15, 1853. 28-3w

SADDLERS' AND COACH-MAKERS'
HARDWARE, &c.
THOMAS MACKENZIE & SONS.
No. 222 Baltimore St., Baltimore.

IMPORTERS and Dealers in Hog Skins, Saddle Trees, English Heads and Reins, Girth Webs, Stirrups, Hames, Bitts, &c. Springs, Axles of all kinds, Coach Lace, BENT FELLOES, Hubs, Spokes, Carriage and Tire Bolts, Patent Canvass, Carpeting, and every article connected with either branch of the business, which they are prepared to offer to punctual customers on as good terms as any other house in the United States.

Agents for the sale of Pope's Self-Adjusting PADS and Spencer's GIG TREES.

☞ Orders promptly attended to.

Address
THOMAS MACKENZIE & SONS.
No. 222 Baltimore Street,
49Y] BALTIMORE.

TURPENTINE LAND FOR SALE

FOR sale, 393 acres of LAND on James Creek, and 640 acres on Cypress Creek, in Cumberland, convenient to the Western Plank Road, heavily timbered, and admirably adapted to the making of Turpentine.

Apply at this Office.

acNov. 28, 1851. 44tf

A Letter to be Read and Thought upon.

THE East, West and North have spoken, now speaks the South—the sunny South—Hear the tribute given by one of her sons in his 74th year. Can there be any mind so prejudiced as not to yield to such a mass of testimony daily given in favor of Hampton's Vegetable Tincture, in every hamlet, village and city, where it has found its way? Grateful hearts speak its praise.

CHESTER DISTRICT, South Carolina, January 3d, 1853.

Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray—Gentlemen: For the last five years I have been a severe sufferer from Rheumatism, seeing your recommendation of Hampton's Vegetable Tincture, I purchased a bottle and the first dose has so much relieved me that I consider it but justice to give to the suffering world the result of the application.

Mine was acute Rheumatism in the back—so bad that I was confined to my bed for the last six months. The first bottle acted like a charm; the second restored strength to my poor afflicted back and I am now as well and feel as young as when I was sixteen. I am now seventy four years of age.

I consider your Tincture the greatest discovery of the age; and poor suffering humanity ought to erect a monument to Dr. Hampton, who has saved thousands from pain. And you, gentlemen, have acted the part of public benefactors in disseminating the benefits which have resulted from your invaluable Tincture.

I am a plain cotton planter and have never written for literary fame; but when my fellow beings are afflicted, shall I hesitate, or, through modesty, withhold any information valuable to my fellow man? So if you consider this worthy of a place in any of your newspapers, you are at liberty to make use of it.

ALVAH KEMBALL.

Hampton's Vegetable Tincture, by its mild action on the Stomach Liver and the Kidneys, will cure Dyspepsia, Cough, Asthma Bronchial and Lung Affections; Pains in the Back, Side and Breast Consumption, Scrofula, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Fistula, Piles, Bowel Complaints, Worms, Nervous Debility—with all diseases arising from impure blood, and is the greatest Female Medicine ever known.

For Cholera Morbus, Cholic, Diarrhoea, and all diseases incident to the bowels in the summer season it has no equal.

Sold Wholesale and retail by S. J. HINSDALE, Fayetteville; C. & D. DuPRE, Wilmington; MORTIMER & MOWBRAY, Baltimore, and by Druggists generally. 6-Y

STEDMAN & HORNE,
Dry Goods, Hardware, Groceries, &c.
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens and the public generally, that they have just returned from New York, and are receiving their Spring Stock of Goods, consisting of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, &c.

A variety of Hats, suitable for the season; Ladies' and Gentlemen's Boots, Shoes and Slippers; a large assortment of ready-made Clothing; a great many articles in the ladies' line, and we would be pleased to have them to call and examine for themselves.

All orders sent to our care from our friends and customers will be promptly attended to.

March 30, 1853. 81tf

FAYETTEVILLE
MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

THIS Company is now organised and prepared to receive applications for Insurance, on as favorable terms as other Companies.

DIRECTORS:

HENRY LILLY.
H. L. MYROVER.
THOS. S. LUTTERLOH.
JOHN H. COOK.
D. A. RAY.
A. A. McKETHAN.
GEO. McNEILL.
NATHAN A. STEDMAN.
JAMES KYLE.

AVON E. HALL.
J. G. SHEPHERD.
WM. WARDEN.
S. T. HAWLEY.
JOHN D. WILLIAMS.
C. BENBOW.
WM. McLAURIN.
WM. McINTYRE.

OFFICERS:

GEO. McNEILL, President.
H. L. MYROVER, Vice President.
J. G. SHEPHERD, Attorney.
C. A. McMILLAN, Secretary.
GEO. McNEILL, } Executive Committee.
JOHN H. COOK, }
JAS. KYLE, }

The plan of MUTUAL INSURANCE must commend itself to our community, for it can be demonstrated that we have saved within the last six years upwards of $30,000 by insurance in the North Carolina Mutual Company; that is, we should have paid to have kept the same insurance in the foreign joint stock companies that sum more than we have actually paid; and yet the North Carolina Mutual Company has received between $5000 and $6000 more from our community than it has paid out for losses here,—showing that we are favorably situated, as compared with other places in the State, fo Insurance.

Our Company has gone into operation favorably, having the day we organised applications to the amount of $116,000, and the Company is now placed upon a firm footing.

Any Director, authorised Agent, or Secretary, may receive Applications, but they will not be binding until approved by the Executive Committee or the Board.

☞ GEO. W. LAWRENCE is appointed General Agent of the Company. We invite applications.

GEO. McNEILL, Pres't.

C. A. McMILLAN, Sec'y.

Feb'y 7, 1853. 66tf

WM. H. McRARY,
Commission Merchant,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Particular attention will be paid to selling and shipping Naval Stores and Produce, and also to the Forwarding of Goods.

Merchants who consign their Goods to him can rely on their being forwarded by first boat after they are discharged from vessel.

REFERENCES:

F. Fries, E. A. Vogler & Co., Salem, N. C.
T. M. Young, Mocksville.
Hunt & Adderton, Lexington.
John D. Brown, Salisbury.
J. H. & J. Martine, Fayetteville.

Jan'y 20, 1853. 62tf

COPARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned have entered into a copartnership under the name and style of Troy & Marsh, for the prosecution of a General Mercantile business. Location the same as formerly occupied by Messrs. H. L. Myrover & Co., foot of Hay Mount.

J. B. TROY, JR.
J. F. MARSH.

May 23, 1853. 97tf

THOS. J. JOHNSON
—HAS JUST RECEIVED—

10 BBLS. NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES,
10 do. large Yellow Planting Potatoes,
6000 lbs. Northern Bacon,
3000 lbs. N. Carolina do.
1000 bushels Oats,
Ploughs and Castings,
Blacksmiths' Tools,
17 hhds. Cuba Molasses.
—ALSO—
1 light four-horse Wagon, and 1 Buggy, 1 Harness Horse, &c.

THOS. J. JOHNSON, Person st.

Fayetteville, Feb'y 28, 1853. 72tf

☞ CAMPBELLTON PROPERTY FOR SALE.
T. J. J.

FRENCH BURR MILLSTONES.
Great Reduction in Price.
EGENTON, MORRIS & CO.

CONTINUE to make to order, and keep constantly on hand

French Burr Millstones

Of all dimensions, warranted to be of best quality, being made from Burr blocks selected by them from the best quarries in France. They keep for sale

Cologne, Cocalica and Esopus Millstones; Burr Blocks, Bolting Cloth, Screen Wire, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, &c.

Orders from any part of the country promptly attended to. **R. M. ORRELL,**
Agent at Fayetteville, N. C.

March 11, 1853. 76tf

$50 REWARD.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on the 28th of May last, a negro boy called CALVIN, nineteen years old, height about 5 feet 8 inches, weight about 160 lbs., a black negro, had ear rings in each ear when he left, no clothing recollected except a dark blue overcoat. This boy was purchased of Dr. John McNeill of Robeson county, about the 1st of May. The above reward will be paid for his delivery to me or if lodged in a Jail in this State. It is very probable he is in the neighborhood of his former owner.

JOHN WADDILL, Jr.

Fayetteville, N. C., June 30. 7-tf

FISH! FISH!!

MACKEREL in half and whole Barrels, for sale by
PETER P. JOHNSON.

Sept. 14. 28tf

VALUABLE PLANTATION
FOR SALE.

THE subscriber wishing to change his business, offers for sale his PLANTATION in Robeson, 12 miles from Lumberton, on the Harlleesville Road, situated on Aaron's Swamp, containing 700 acres, of which about 100 are under cultivation. The situation is healthy and the water equal to any in the county. The dwelling and all necessary out-houses are in good repair. The best recommendation which the fertility of the place can receive is to be found in the crop of Corn and Cotton now growing on the Plantation, which all who desire to purchase are invited to examine. There is within half a mile of the house a bold flush Spring, believed to contain valuable mineral properties. There is also within half a mile of the dwelling house a large new Academy, in which a Classical school is constantly kept. Terms easy.

JOHN A. ROWLAND.

August 26, 1853. 23tf

FANCY GOODS.

THE Subscriber is now receiving his FALL AND WINTER STOCK OF

Staple and Fancy DRY GOODS,

and offers them to the public upon terms as easy, and prices as low, as any stock in North Carolina. As he is determined to sell for a small profit, either for cash or on time to punctual customers, all would do well to call and see his stock before purchasing.

Out of his stock, he enumerates a few of the leading articles: rich brocade and fig'd Silks; plain bl'k gro de rhine do.; sollid Muslin deLaine of every price and color, all wool; Lace, Muslin and Jaconet Sleeves; Chemizettes and Collars; Grass and Corded Skirts; ladies' and gentlemen's Kid, Silk and Worsted Gloves; Linen Cambric H'dk'fs; an assortment of plain, dotted and checked Swiss Muslin; Cambric and Jaconet; Bombazines and Alpacas; Cambric and Swiss Edg'g and Inserting; French Merino of every color; ladies' Silk and Merino Vest Corsetts; white Crape Shawls; among other styles, a great variety of ladies' Dress Goods and Trimmings. Your attention is particularly called to his assortment of fancy deLaines; ladies' and misses' white and col'd Silk Bonnets; Bishop Lawns and Irish Linens; good assortment ladies' Shoes, Slippers and Gaiters, among them a beautiful article of white Kid Slipper and Gaiter; bl'k and col'd French and American Cloths and Casimeres; lot Ready-Made Clothing; an assortment of Goods for negro wear, such as Kerseys and Blankets, Brogan Boots and Shoes: with all other goods usually kept in my line. J. C. POE.

Sept. 14, 1853. 28-3m

FALL, 1853.
JAMES KYLE

IS now receiving a very large and general assortment of DRY GOODS, among which are

1,500 pieces new style Calico; 750 M. DeLane; 175 French and English Merinos; 250 Alpaca; Plaid Brocade and other Silks; Merino and Crape Plaid and plain Shawls, assorted; Hats, Caps and Bonnets; Silk and Cotton H'dk'fs; Bobinet, Lace and Edgings; Boots and Shoes; Bolting Cloths, No. 1 to 10. With many other goods; all of which have been purchased for cash, by the Package, and will be offered wholesale or retail as low as possible. Those wishing to purchase goods will please call and examine.

Sept. 16, 1853. 29tf

J. S. BANKS,
Commission Merchant,
Fayetteviiie, N. C.

Sept. 19, 1853. 29tf

To the Freighting Public.

THE Brothers' Steam Boat Co. is now prepared with the following Boats:

Str. DOUGLASS,
Str. BROTHERS,
Tow Boat STEVENSTON,
D. LEWIS,
ALFRED ELLIS,
JAS. CASSIDEY,
KINGSBURY, and
ELIZA McDANIEL,

to transport all Naval Stores, Produce and other Freight intrusted to their care, with as much despatch as any other line of Boats on the River. They are provided with suitable Wharf and Ware-House accommodations to do a general business, and hope by strict attention to the interest of shippers, to meet a share of public patronage.

J. S. BANKS, Ag't,
Fayetteville.
JNO. BANKS, Ag't
at Wilmington.

Sept. 19, 1853. 29tf

WHITE POTASH.

FRESH and of superior quality. For sale by
S. J. HINSDALE.

Sept. 15, 1853. 28-4t

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

WE are receiving the largest stock of Goods we ever offered in this market, consisting in great varieties of

Hats and Caps.
Boots and Shoes.
Saddlery and Leather.
Hardware and Cutlery.
Wood and Iron Hollow Ware.
Bagging and Rope.
Cotton and Hemp Rope, ¾ to 1½ inches.
Carpenters', Blacksmiths' and Coopers' Tools
Nail Iron and Steel.
Ready-Made Clothing.
Staple Dry Goods. And
Groceries.

All these goods we want to exchange for Produce, Cash, or to RESPONSIBLE MEN on time.

J. & T. WADDILL,
Hay Street.

Sept. 18, 1853. 29tf

☞ Country Merchants will please call and examine our stock. J. & T. W.

JUST RECEIVED,

FRESH TEAS.—Extra Fine "Hyson."
Finest "Imperial."
Very good "Young Hyson."
Superior "Oolong."
—ALSO—
50 ounces Quinine.
2000 lbs. White Lead. For sale by
S. J. HINSDALE.

Sept. 19, 1853. 29-1m

DR. STRONG'S
COMPOUND SANATIVE PILLS.

THESE Pills are entirely Vegetable, and are a most superior Medicine in the cure of all Bilious Complaints, Chills and Fever, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Sick Headache, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Fevers of all kinds, Loss of Appetite, Obstructed and painful Menstruation, and all lingering diseases.

As a Female Medicine they act like a charm, and when taken according to the directions, they never fail to cure very worst cases of **Piles**, after all other remedies fail.

They purify the blood, equalize the circulation, restore the Liver, Kidneys, and other Secretory Organs to a healthy tone and action; and as an Anti-Bilious Family Medicine they have no equal. Price 25 cents per box.

—ALSO—

DR. STRONG'S
PECTORAL STOMACH PILLS.

A remedy for Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Consumption, Nervous Diseases, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Erysipelas, Disease of the Heart, Inflammation and Pain in the Chest, Back and Side, and all diseases arising from a deranged state of the Stomach, and to relieve the distress and bad feeling from eating too hearty food, in weak and dyspeptic habits.

Warranted to be Purely Vegetable.

THESE Pills act as an Expectorant, Tonic, and Aperient. One 25 cent box possesses three times more power to cure diseases than a one dollar bottle of any of the Syrups, Balsams, or Sarsaparillas, that was ever made, and a simple trial of only one box will prove this important truth.

They promote Expectoration, loosen the Phlegm, and clear the Lungs and other Secretory Organs of all morbid matter, and there is not another remedy in the whole Materia Medica capable of imparting such healing properties to the Lungs and Vital Organs as these Pills. **They cure Costiveness, produce a good regular Appetite, and strengthen the System.**

Price 25 cts. per box, containing 25 doses of medicine.

Call on the Agents who sell the Pills, and get the "Planter's Almanac" gratis, giving full particulars and certificates of cures.

Both kinds of the above-named Pills are for sale in Fayetteville by S. J. Hinsdale, and J. N. Smith; who also keep a supply of *Dr. Spencer's Vegetable Pills*, and *Dr. Hull's Celebrated Pills*, which stop the Chills and Fever the first day, and do not sicken the stomach or operate on the bowels. [16-Y]

THE LATE GEN. MCKAY.—A friend now on a visit to New York has sent us the following article which he published there, in reply to a paragraph in the Express.

The Express certainly exhibited remarkable ignorance of Gen. McKay's character and talents. He had mind enough to make half a dozen great men in New York, and more political integrity than a whole regiment of New York politicians by trade. We had no reason to like Gen. McKay, either personally or politically; but we have no idea of submitting to an unjust depreciation of any North Carolinian, of any party:

The following is the article to which we have alluded:—

THE LATE GENERAL McKAY.

"Fiat justitia ruat cœlum."

TO THE EDITOR OF THE N. Y. HERALD.

I have seen in the New York Express of Saturday morning the 17th inst., a short telegraphic despatch announcing the death of the Hon. James J. McKay, of North Carolina, to which are appended a few remarks by the editor, touching the character of the deceased, of a kind too unjust and incorrect to remain unnoticed.

The editor of the Express knows nothing of the man whose biography he has given us in ten lines; and when he knew nothing he should have said nothing. He has announced the death of Gen. McRay, of North Carolina, who he says, "as chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, often came in contact with the merchants and manufacturers of this city, and is well known to many of them!" I wager the gentleman that no merchant or manufacturer of this or any other city, ever knew a Gen. McRay, of N. C. or any where else, who was chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means.

Gen. McKay of N. C., once chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means was indeed an honest and upright man. Living within three miles of him for the last six years, and often in his company, I knew him well and when it is said of him that "he was a man of limited means and limited ability and was therefore often an instrument in the hands of more capable men," I feel it to be my duty, as a citizen of North Carolina to vindicate his character from this foul charge, and to stamp the article in question as a gross misrepresentation, growing out of the ignorance of its author.

Instead of being a man of limited means, his estate is large and cannot fall far short of $400,000 in value. But had he been as poor as the poorest of the thousands who daily walk the streets of your proud city, nor money nor the love of it, nor reward nor the hopes of it, could ever have swayed him from the honesty of his purposes or the correct discharge of those duties which he was called to perform.

In moral firmness Gen. McKay was like Andrew Jackson; and to say of him that he was so weak as to yield to the opinions of others for the pecuniary advantages it might afford him is to reflect dishonesty upon the people whose distinguished representative for more than twenty years he was in the Congress of the Union. A man of sound clear head, excellent judgment, and extensive information, his opinion while in Congress was of great weight; while on account of his strict integrity, and distinguished financiering ability, he was justly considered the Ægis of the treasury.

I will not attempt to write a biography of the man. Other and abler men will do justice to his character. Meantime, let the Express correct its record and apply to its father confessor for absolution from the pain and penalties of truth transgressed. A NORTH CAROLINIAN.

New York, Howard House, Sept. 19, 1853.

North Carolina Bonds.—We insert a notice of the Treasurer of North Carolina offering $500,000 of six per cent. State bonds for sale. The length of time at which they are made payable, their exemption from taxation, the superabundant security offered, besides the resources and the unsurpassed honesty and good faith of the old State herself, must command the confidence of capitalists, and, we should suppose a ready purchase by persons wishing to invest.

Nat. Intelligencer.

N. C. Reader.—Why does not Mr. Wiley, General Superintendent of Common Schools in North Carolina, recommend his North Carolina Reader for general adoption in the schools in his state? It is decidedly, for the sound information it conveys, and the happy, entertaining style in which it is conveyed, the best school reader we have ever perused. The history of the State, (which forms a portion of the work,) is one of the best compends of history we recollect as coming under our reading.

We hope Mr. Wiley will not permit his scruples of delicacy any longer to prevent him from recommending his Reader.

Portsmouth (Va.) Globe.

The line of connection between the depots of the Raleigh and Gaston and Central Railroads, bids fair to be completed in good time. The ground-work has been going forward very rapidly for some weeks, and it will soon be ready for sills and rails.—*Weekly Post.*

We have just seen a large lot of *stone ware* brought from Chatham, N. C., and sold to Messrs. Gerst & Lisberger, which as well as we may judge from external appearance, is equal to any manufactured by the Yankees. The old North State is going ahead with every species of manufacture, and the signs of her progress are every where brightening.—*Dan. Rep.*

The Guano Trade.—From a published statement, says the Baltimore American of yesterday, it appears that there were at the Chincha Islands on the 1st August, loading with guano for the United States, forty-four vessels, with an aggregate of 31,328 tons. There had sailed from the Islands prior to Aug. 1, and not yet arrived, twenty-six vessels, with 15,415 tons of Guano on board.

White Mountain Weather—A Snow Storm.—A letter from the Summer House, at Mount Washington, dated 12th says, "We are in the midst of a thick snow storm, thermometer 25, and it is impossible to stand erect where the wind has a fair sweep outside. On the 11th the thermometer was below the freezing point all day, only rising to 29 at noon.

Death of a Veteran.—The York (Pa.) Free Press announces the death of Mr. John Grissinger, at Lewisburg, in the 98th year of his age. He was a veteran of the Revolution, and leaves, as near as can be ascertained, 382 relatives, viz: 14 children, 123 grand-children, 242 great-grand-children, and 3 great-great-grand-children.

The Cincinnatians seem to be particularly unfortunate in the men they have elected to the judiciary. It was only a day or two since that Judge Flinn was arrested and fined for knocking a man down in the streets, and afterwards, at a meeting of the citizens, recommended for impeachment; and now we have to record the arrest of Judge Dana on a charge of counterfeiting, in issuing false land warrants, &c., &c.

GREEK EULOGY ON CLAY AND WEBSTER.

The following is a translation from the Greek of a Eulogy on Henry Clay and Daniel Webster, made by Miss Elizabeth, of Crete, a young lady who, not many years ago, embraced the Episcopal creed, and is now a missionary among her countrymen at Athens:

Charmonzies' Speech in the Greek House of Representatives upon the death of Daniel Webster and Henry Clay, delivered December 17, 1852.

On this day's session in the House of Representatives, Mr. Charmonzies, Deputy of Lamia, having taken the floor, proposed that the House should express its regret on hearing of the death of two of the great men of the United States, namely, Henry Clay and Daniel Webster; and that their names be inscribed on the walls in the peribolus of the Chamber.

The honorable Deputy introduced his proposition in the following address:

"When the wise Government of a great nation—a Government worthy of respect for its virtues—goes into mourning, lamenting with its people the death of one of its citizens, that citizen truly must have been a great man! And the privation of a great man is an irreparable loss to all mankind. We took up arms to shake off a heavy yoke—a yoke of reproach, and one difficult to be borne; and the sanctity of our enterprise immediately found protection in the other hemisphere, where, among many others, two truly distinguished men had effectually raised up their Christian voice in behalf of the grievously suffering Greeks. Who among us, the surviving combatants, has forgotten, or who among our youth has not heard from his parents that, independently of the ravages of war, famine and sickness were decimating us; and who does not know that the bread and clothing of the Americans of the United States saved multitudes from the grasp of Charon? And who doubts that if the noble and generous-minded citizens of the United States had lived in *our hemisphere*, the Greek contest would have been terminated sooner and with more success?

"Gratitude, sirs, is a cardinal virtue of man; and the Greek nation was ever of old distinguished for this virtue. Our immortal ancestors erected temples in honor of their benefactors. Among our benefactors, then, are numbered since 1822 the ever-memorable D. Webster and H. Clay, whose death a whole nation—the People of the United States—this day lament. Let us, therefore, honorable representatives of the Greek nation, unite our tears with those of our noble brothers, the citizens of the United States, for this loss; and, as proof of our gratitude, let us inscribe on the walls of this peribolus the glorious names of the Philhellenes, DANIEL WEBSTER and HENRY CLAY."

Condition of the Fugitive Slaves in Canada.—The editor of the Dundee (N. Y.) Record has lately been making a tour through Canada, in the course of which he visited a large number of fugitive slaves, at their residences, and conversed freely with them on their position and prospects. The tone of their remarks generally was that of disappointment at the reception which they had met, and the estimation in which they were held in the country where they were sojourning. The inhabitants, they allege, neglect no opportunity to defraud them and render their situation uncomfortable. Three declared that were it not for fear of punishment, by being sold to Texas and Mississippi slave dealers, they would gladly return to their "old plantations," and spend the remainder of their days with their old masters, where they were more happy and lived easier than they do now. One expressed his determination to return to his mistress, in North Carolina, as soon as he could get money to do so, and run the risk of punishment; but as he had got a friend to write to his mistress, asking pardon, and begging for a passage ticket home, he felt in hopes he should get back to the "Old North State" before cold weather set in.

The New York Atlantic and Pacific Railroad Company.—This company, which was chartered by the New York Legislature at its last session, was organized last Friday, and books of subscription opened in New York city. Mr. Robert J. Walker commenced the subscription to the stock with the sum of ten millions of dollars. Dr. Newcombe, of Albany, and others, in behalf of themselves and others, subscribed the sum of two million eight hundred thousand dollars, and the company then adjourned to meet on the 1st of October. The capital stock of the company is one hundred millions of dollars. The New York Times says that Mr. Walker's subscription is on behalf of certain interests made up at Washington, and other parties stood pledged for over five millions, making together $15,830,000. Government aid, in the form of a mammoth land grant, is to be made the talisman to the scheme, to which will be added the usual exercise of credit upon bonded security, and a government mail contract of 3,000,000 a year.—*Baltimore Sun.*

SPEED OF RAILWAYS.

Dr. Lardner adopts some ingenious illustrations to render familiar the extraordinary velocity with which our express trains move:

The Great Western express to Exeter, England, travels at the rate of 43 miles an hour, including stoppages, or 51 miles an hour, without including stoppages. To attain this rate, a speed of 60 miles an hour is adopted midway between some of the stations, and, in certain experimental trips, 70 miles an hour have been reached. A speed of 70 miles an hour is about equivalent to 35 yards per second, or 36 yards between two beats of a common clock. All objects near the eye of a passenger travelling at this rate will pass by his eye in the thirty-fifth part of a second; and if thirty-five stakes were erected at the side of the road, a yard asunder, they would not be distinguished one from another; if painted red, they would appear collectively as a continuous flesh or red color. If two trains at this speed passed each other, the relative velocity would be 70 yards per second; and if one of the trains were 70 yards long, it would flash by in a single second.

Supposing the locomotive which draws such train to have driving wheels seven feet in diameter, these wheels will revolve five times in a second; the piston moves along the cylinder ten times in a second; the valve moves and the steam escapes ten times in a second; but as there are two cylinders which act alternately, there are really twenty puffs or escape of steam in a second. The locomotive can be heard to 'cough' when moving slowly, the cough being occasioned by the abrupt emissions of waste steam by the chimney; but 20 coughs per second cannot be separated by the ear, their individuality becoming lost. Such a locomotive speed is equal to nearly one-fourth that of a cannon ball; and the momentum of a whole train moving at such a speed would be nearly equivalent to the aggregate force of a number of cannon balls equal to one-fourth the weight of the train. That a 'smash' should follow a 'collision' is no subject for marvel, if a train moving at such speed should meet with any obstacle to progress.

Mrs. Crawford says she wrote one line in her "Kathleen Mavourneen" for the express purpose of confounding the Cockney warblers, who sang it thus: "The 'orn of the 'unter is 'eard on the 'ill;" but Moore had laid the same trap in the "Woodpecker"—"A 'eart that is 'umble might 'ope for it 'ere."

IMPORTANT.

We find in the Washington letter of the Philadelphia American of yesterday morning the subjoined paragraph. We know not on what authority the statement rests, but an important part of it—that which relates to the "protest" of certain European Governments against the conduct of our naval commander at Smyrna—is corroborated by what has been in circulation in Washington for a day or two past, except that the letter falls short of what the city rumor alleges to be the fact. The story here is that the Ministers of England and France have also expressed to our Government, concurrently with those of the three other Powers, the dissent, protest, or whatever it was, of their respective Governments relative to the Kosta affair.

What the writer says of Secretary Marcy's exposition was intimated by the Union some days ago, and may be regarded as substantially correct. The following is the letter:

"The Russian, Prussian, and Austrian Ministers have filed in the State Department a protest against the conduct of Captain Ingraham. Russia and Prussia side with Austria against the United States. Mr. Marcy's views on this momentous matter are matured, and will probably be submitted at the Cabinet meeting to-morrow.—These views occupy upwards of eighty manuscript pages. It will be the grand document of the Administration, and will be spread before the public in a few days."

What the views of the Secretary of State are on this grave question we do not know; but we cannot doubt that they are such as will be sustained by the rules of public law and a just interpretation of our own domestic law. While he occupies this ground he will be supported by public opinion at home, and will be fully fortified against any unreasonable misconstruction abroad.

National Intelligencer.

The Premier turned Author.—It is stated that the Premier's document on the Austrian Protest will occupy about *eighty* pages of manuscript.—He appears to have devoted his whole soul to its preparation, and it is expected to create a great sensation when ushered to the world. Who will read it? *Eighty pages* of manuscript to express what might be better said in a letter three pages long. If the Premier expects to be as verbose on every difficulty this Administration gets the country into he will be writing books all the time.—The Baltimore Times takes off the document in the following style: "Now, why not do up the business a little sooner. Cut out the Buncombe and the long quotations. Say nothing about Dr. Franklin's diplomatic dress, or Mr. Marcy's own particular uniform. Settle up the boundaries at once with a short article, which will save paper, patience, and relieve the Administration of the charge of being too verbose. Moreover, there is far less chance of being caught in error in a short article, than in eighty pages. Cut the Buncombe out."—*Richmond Whig.*

Substantial Wirepulling.—Major Green W. Caldwell, one of the old wireworkers of the Democracy in this County, went down to Columbia a few days since and pulled the wires extending from that place to New York until he sold a gold and copper mine for forty five thousand dollars. The place sold was the residence of the late Dr. Stephen Fox, dec'd., lying contiguous to town and containing between five and six hundred acres of land. The mine had been profitably worked by Dr. Fox in his life time for gold down to the water's level, but had been abandoned long since on account of the danger, difficulty, and expense of working below the water. Recently Mr. Leeds a mineralogist from the North, made a scientific exploration and examination of the premises and reported favorably of its gold and copper minerals, whereupon Junius A. Fox, Esq., sold to Major Caldwell & Co., who sold to a Northern Company for the sum above set forth. So much for experience in the art of "wirepulling."

Charlotte Whig.

Percussion Caps Superseded.—A new composition has lately been invented by Messrs. Winiwartier & Gersheim, of Vienna, for the purpose of superseding the ordinary percussion caps, and, in many instances, the gunpowder charge also. The most prominent features of these gun primers, as the composition is called, are the absence of a metalic coat or cover, and their uniform explosive power, the materials being of such a nature, that after detonation, no residue whatever is left behind. The materials which form the new composition are fulminating mercury, chlorate of potash, and sulphide of antimony, the dangerous properties of which ingredients are diminished by the collodion, which is used as a cement, and it is the ingenious employment of this substance which constitutes the chief peculiarity of the invention.—*Scientific Amer.*

A Good Movement.—A general meeting of Presidents and Directors of the various railroads in the United States, we see it stated, will convene at Washington during the month of October, to consider the adoption of a code of laws and the establishment of such general measures as shall guard against accidents on railroads, and give more confidence to travellers and assurance that precautionary measures of the most reliable kind are hourly exercised upon every railroad throughout the Union. This meeting will have a salutary effect upon the public mind, as tending to secure the adoption of a uniform system of railroad regulation.

Paper superseded by Cork.—We have received a circular from Messrs. J. & J. Bradbury, cork hat manufacturers, printed on a slice of cork.—The cork paper is about the size of a foolscap 8vo. page, and is as thin as a sheet of writing paper, and perfectly smooth. It has been cut by a newly-invented machine, which is employed by Messrs. Bradbury in cutting cork for the bodies of hats.

Sheffield (Eng.) Free Press.

Fatal Accident from Burning Fluid.—Another poor creature fell a victim last night to the abominable commodity known as burning fluid. In this case Mrs. Susan Sweeny, residing in William street, in the South-western part of the city was engaged in filling a fluid lamp, when the inflammable material took fire. The flames instantly communicated to her clothing, which was destroyed, and the body of the woman was shockingly burned. She was conveyed to the hospital, where she lingered for two hours in great agony, when death relieved her from her sufferings.

Philadelphia Bulletin.

The St. Louis Intelligencer states that there have been no lives lost on the Mississippi and its tributaries by steamboat disasters since the first of January, when the Steamboat Law went into effect in some of its important provisions, whereas during the same period in 1852 more than five hundred lives were destroyed in that manner. It attributes the change to a new feeling of responsibility on the part of steamboat managers.

A Novel Cause of Mail Failure.—A Texas mail contractor excuses himself for failing to perform his services as per schedule, by alleging that the mosquitoes are actually so bad upon his route, as to make it dangerous to the life of man and beast to travel it at the season of his recent failures. We have no doubt of the truth of this apparently strange reason.

From the Louisville Journal.

ANOTHER PIONEER GONE.

Died on the 5th inst., at his residence in Shelby county, Ky., Maj. Bland Ballard, in the 95th year of his age.

The deceased was born near Fredericksburg, Va., in 1759, and came to Kentucky in 1779. He immediately joined the regular militia which was kept up for the defence of the country, and served in Bowman's campaign in 1779. He was with Gen. John Rogers Clarke in his expedition against the Pickaway town in 1781, and in it received a severe wound, from which he never recovered. Again in 1782 he was on the campaign led by Gen. Clarke, with Floyd and Logan as colonels. After performing various and important military services between 1782 and 1794, he was present under General Wayne at the decisive battle fought on the 20th of August in that year, and he commanded a company of Col. Allen's regiment under Gen. Harrison, in the campaign of 1812–13. He led the advance of the detachment which fought the first battle of the River Raisin. Here he was wounded slightly, and again very severely by a spent ball, on the 22d of January. On this disastrous occasion he was taken prisoner, and suffered severely by the march through snow and ice from Malden to Fort Georgia.

Of all the remarkable pioneer Indian fighters, whose history is identified with that of Kentucky, few were more distinguished than the deceased. He was a man of wonderful physical power, of a strong native intellect, of extraordinary sagacity, and of indomitable courage. These qualities eminently fitted him for the pioneer life, and, with the extraordinary circumstances which surrounded him, make his history one of the most romantic in the annals of Kentucky. The whole of his early life abounded in adventures and feats so marvellous that they could be scarcely credited now, were not the truth of some of them attested by others, and the whole of them supported by the deceased's own unquestionable veracity.

Maj. Ballard was an uneducated man, but we have rarely seen one who conversed more fluently or described scenes more graphically. We have often seen him on the street dressed in his buckskin hunting shirt, surrounded by crowds of men and boys, listening with breathless attention to his wonderful stories. We ourselves have listened to them many an hour, and often through the livelong night without fatigue, and wholly unconscious of the approach of morning.

We once heard him asked how many Indians he had killed in one day. "I kilt," said he, "six one morning before breakfast, and it was not a very good morning for business either." This reply, given in his peculiarly business like style, we will never forget. If we had not recurred to the question, we might have thought that the old gentleman was speaking of some morning hunt for squirrels, deer, or buffalo, so singularly calm was his manner; but on this as on other occasions, Major Ballard never exhibited the slightest compunctions on account of his having killed Indians. His family, and he, in his own person, had received too many injuries from the savages for him ever to feel the slightest sympathy for them. He regarded them as a faithless, treacherous race and the enemy of his own, and therefore, sorrowed but little over their probable extinction. But he often spoke of some of them as brave, chivalrous and generous, and for them expressed the warmest admiration.

The history of Major Ballard abounds in many thrilling adventures and anecdotes, which we could relate and which might interest our readers, but which the occasion forbids. We cannot, however, close this sketch without referring to one of them.

In 1788 the Indians attacked his father's house, situated near the little fort on Tick creek, a few miles Northeast of Shelbyville. The attack was made early in the morning, and began by the savages shooting down his brother Benjamin, who had gone out of the house for wood to make a fire. They then assailed the house. The inmates barred the door and prepared for defence. The father of the subject of this sketch was the only man in the house, and he and one old man were the only persons in the fort. Aroused by the guns, he snatched up his own rifle and rushed to the defence of his kindred. He fired and reloaded and fired again as he ran, with good effect. In the meantime, the Indians broke open the house and killed his father, his mother, and two sisters, and tomahawked the youngest sister, a child who recovered. When the Indians broke into the house, his mother endeavored to escape by the back door, but a savage pursued her and as he raised his tomahawk to strike her the subject of this sketch fired at him, not, however, in time to prevent the fatal blow, and they both fell and expired together. The Indians numbered about fifteen, but before they completed their work of death and fled, it is supposed that the subject of this sketch killed six or seven of them.

But it was not merely as a warrior and a soldier that Maj. Ballard rendered important service to Kentucky. He frequently represented the people of Shelby county in the Legislature. The State, in appreciation of his services, and to perpetuate his name, have created the county of Ballard, and already, in anticipation of his death, is his name inscribed on the beautiful marble shaft erected in her public burying ground, in honor of her distinguished dead.

The generation now on the sphere of action, and the millions who are to succeed them, will have but an imperfect idea of the character and services of the bold patriotic men who rescued Kentucky from the forest and the savage. The deceased was a fine specimen of that noble race of men. He was the last of his father's family. His brother James, the companion of his youth, and the sharer of most of his adventures and trials, preceded him but a few years.

And now that he is gone, we cannot call to mind a single pioneer of Kentucky who is left. Who shall snatch their memory from oblivion, and give us a true history of Kentucky, with its pages all glowing with life-like sketches of the remarkable men who redeemed her from the savage, and with stories of adventures more romantic than even romance itself can furnish. Without such biographies and sketches the history of Kentucky can no more be written than that of the United States without mentioning the name of Washington.

High Prices.—At a recent sale in London, Cochin China chickens sold for £100 a couple, and a celebrated cow subsequently sold for £735.

The Portsmouth (Va.) Globe says that the damage to the locomotives by the late accident on the Seaboard & Roanoke Rail Road, instead of being $7000 or $8000, as the Wilmington Journal said, will scarcely amount to half as many hundreds.

Messrs. Jas. F. Jordan & Co., proprietors of the Manteo Paper Mill, near Raleigh, have contracted for the building of another large Mill at the Great Falls of Neuse River, in Wake county.

RICE CROP.—The Charleston Mercury learns that the prospects of Rice in South Carolina are very gloomy.

NATURAL CURIOSITY.—There is an Editor in California who enjoys an annual income of $250,000.

Decidedly Rich.—The Wilmington (N. C.) Journal calls the "soft-shells" of New York, the Union men. It sounds rather strange, in this locality, to hear a freesoil faction, headed by such notorious freesoilers as Preston King, Van Buren, Dix, Fowler, and others, styled a Union party, even though smiled upon and encouraged by the federal Executive.—*Norfolk Beacon.*

Yellow Fever in Philadelphia.—We have reliable private information that there have been many more cases of yellow fever in Philadelphia than the Board of Health has reported—one respectable physician stating to another that he himself had five cases on Sunday last. The latter physician told our informant that he had two cases, and that he feared it was spreading. So far, however, the fever was confined to the neighborhood of the place at which it first appeared; but he feared it was spreading, as some cases had occurred a considerable distance from it. Being so late in the season, it had not excited much alarm.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

The Hungarian "Bonds."—The New York Home Journal states as a fact that Kossuth to this day has never paid his printers' bill of $600 for getting up his Hungarian bonds.

A German writer says that "the people of the United States can burst more steamboats and chew more tobacco than any other five nations of the globe." This man must have travelled among us with his eyes open.

BLUE STONE,

FOR Wheat-growers, to protect the Wheat from "Smut" or "Rust." For sale by

SAM'L J. HINSDALE.

Sept. 23, 1853. 30-4t

J. E. LAWRENCE,

SIGN PAINTER,

Fayetteville, N. C.

September, 1853. 30-6m

C. E. LEETE—*Person Street,*

IS receiving Dry Goods, Hardware, Groceries, Boots, and Shoes, Ready-Made Clothing, and Saddlery

ALSO—

20 Bbls. Mess Pork
25 " No. 3 Mackerel
25 " Scale Fish
10 Kits Salmon

Also, German Erasive Soap, for removing grease spots from Woolens and Silk. All of which he offers low for Cash or Produce. C. E. LEETE.

Sept. 27, 1853. 30-1m

HAVING concluded to devote my whole time to my Nursery, I shall be able in future to supply Plants, Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Roses, Shrubs, Bulbs, &c., in any quantity and quality, at short notice. I shall also be happy to receive orders for laying off and planting ornamental grounds and gardens in any part of this State or South Carolina easy of access; the proper time for which is between Aug. and April, but the Fall is the best to plant, for many reasons. C. LUTTERLOH,

Rowan Street.

Fayetteville, Sept. 23, 1853. 30-2t

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD.

I WILL pay the above reward for the apprehension and delivery to the Jailer of Robeson county, of Duncan Johnson, charged with the murder of Burwell Conner. Duncan Johnson is about 25 years of age, five feet ten inches high, has dark hair, and is slender built.

W. W. GUNN, Coroner.

Sept. 22, 1853. 30-3t

Spirit of the Age, N. C. Argus, Weekly Wil. Journal, copy.

Important to Wagon Makers.

WE are now manufacturing a superior article of WAGON AXLES, from one and three quarters to three inches.

HALL & BOLLINGER.

June 23, 1853. 5-3m

A Wet Nurse Wanted.

A YOUNG and healthy woman, to nurse an infant child. Apply to E. GLOVER.

Fayetteville, Sept. 13. 28-3t

R R R
REMEDIES

TO THE PUBLIC.

RADWAY & Co., the Inventors, Manufacturers and Proprietors of the justly celebrated R. R. R. Remedies, were the first to discover a Remedy possessing the Marvelous and Miraculous Power of stopping the most Excruciating Pains in an instant, allaying the worst Cramps and Spasms, either internal or external, in a few minutes, and soothing the most severe Paroxysms of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and Tic Doloreux, as soon as applied. The R. R. R. Remedies consist of three Remedies, each possessing quick and wonderful powers over certain complaints and diseases, and will instantly—

RELIEVE *The Human System from Pain;*
REGULATE *Each Organ to a Healthy Action;*
RESOLVE *Away all Diseased Deposits;*
RENOVATE *The Body from all Corrupt Humors;*
REBUILD *The Weak and Broken Down Constitutions;*
RESTORE *To Health, Strength and Vigor all unsound and worn out parts.*

R. R. R.—No. 1.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF,

For all Acute Complaints,

INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL.

The moment it is applied externally or taken into the system, it will stop the most excruciating pain and quickly remove its cause.

RHEUMATISM.

Mr. Granger, a mason well known in Brooklyn, was a cripple for nine years. Radway's Ready Relief, Relieved him from Pain in fifteen minutes, enabled him to walk two miles without the aid of stick or crutch in three days, and cured him entirely in one week.

Thousands of other cases equally as wonderful as the above, have been cured by R. R. Relief.

CHOLERA MORBUS.

Radway's Ready Relief will relieve the sufferer from all pain in fifteen or twenty minutes. It will cure the most desperate cases in a few hours.

NEURALGIA.

The moment R. R. Relief is applied it allays the most painful paroxysms. It will always cure.

SICK HEAD ACHE.

It will relieve the most distressing pains in fifteen minutes. It will likewise prevent renewed attacks.

AGUE.

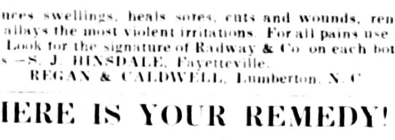
In ten minutes a tea spoonful of R. R. Relief will stop the Chills and break the Fever.

Aches of all kinds, Pains of all kinds, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Strains, Sprains, Stiff Joints, Lameness. One application of Radway's Ready Relief will in a few moments ENTIRELY STOP THE PAIN.

It reduces swellings, heals sores, cuts and wounds, removes bruises, allays the most violent irritations. For all pains use R. R. Relief. Look for the signature of Radway & Co. on each bottle.

Agents.—S. J. HINSDALE, Fayetteville.
REGAN & CALDWELL, Lumberton, N. C.

HERE IS YOUR REMEDY!



Holloway's Ointment.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills, a certain cure for Scurvy, Leprosy, Scrofula, and all Diseases of the Skin.—The heaviness, weariness, dejection of spirits, and other oppressions usually attendant on those who suffer from diseases of the skin, are speedily removed by the use of Holloway's Ointment and Pills. The efficacy of these medicines, in correcting the bad habit of body, and in curing complaints of the class above mentioned, stand unrivalled (and in many parts abroad, where the malady is so prevalent, the cures are wonderful), the purifying properties of the Pills, and the peculiar effect the Ointment has on the skin, render them superior to any other remedy.

Sold by the Proprietor, 244 Strand, (near Temple Bar,) London and by all respectable vendors of Patent Medicines throughout the British Empire, and by those of the United States, in pots and boxes, at 37½ cents, 87 cents, and $1 50 each, wholesale, by the principal Drug houses in the Union, and by Messrs. A. B. & D. SANDS, New York, and Mr. J. HORSEY, 84 Maiden Lane, New York.

There is very considerable saving in taking the larger sizes.

N. B. Directions for the guidance of patients are affixed to each pot or box.

Wholesale, by S. B. & T. A. EVANS, Wilmington, N. C.

For sale by S. J. HINSDALE, Fayetteville, N. C.

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
FAYETTEVILLE JOURNAL.

THE Undersigned proposes to publish in the town of Fayetteville, N. C., a weekly newspaper of the first class, to be entitled THE FAYETTEVILLE JOURNAL.

Regarding the editorial office as one of solemn responsibility, it will be the constant aim of the undersigned so to walk in his high vocation as to render the Journal in all respects worthy of a [illegible] the confidence and esteem of its patrons. Its columns will be devoted to all those matters and things [illegible] found occupying the front ranks of journalism, such as Politics, Agriculture, Commerce, Manufactures, Arts and Sciences, Literature, General Information [illegible]

The undersigned is not without experience in the business in which he proposes to embark, as in some other branches of knowledge that may [illegible] to the value of his labors as a journalist; and [illegible] of the facilities presented by Fayetteville for the making up of a varied and valuable country paper, he flatters himself that he will be able to meet, in his editorial capacity, all such requirements as a generous [illegible] may make at his hands.

As above given out, the columns of the Journal will be devoted in part only to the consideration of political matter. At some seasons this will doubtless be a [illegible] part; at others, considerable more variety may be expected. But, at all times, the best exertions of the editor will be used in aid of those who have at heart the improvement, moral and intellectual, of the rising generation, the prosperity and advancement of the good town of Fayetteville, and the development of the rich and varied resources of the State.

To those who know the editor, [illegible] political views would be altogether superfluous; to those who do not, it is but fair to say, his political views were formed in that school of which the [illegible] of Ashland was recently the great head. In short, he is a Whig of the straightest sect, [illegible] the conservative doctrines of the immortal W[illegible] and those who stood around and supported his administration. Thus much, in fairness, it is [illegible] to say; but, aside from its politics, [illegible] paper will contain good things enough [illegible] reading indispensable to the comfort and [illegible] ments of all sects, ages and sexes.

In fine, it will be the object of the [illegible] Journal one of the most racy, readable [illegible] papers of the day—in all respects worthy [illegible] and of the Press of the State.

Terms: If a sufficient number of subscribers [illegible] obtained, the Journal will be issued [illegible] of the next year, in a large and beautiful [illegible] low price of Two Dollars in advance, Two [illegible] Fifty Cents if paid during the year, and Three [illegible] if not paid until after the expiration [illegible] subscription.

☞ In the meantime, communications [illegible] ject of the publication may be addressed [illegible] ber at Rockingham, Richmond County, N. C.

JOHN W. CAMERON.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

ARRIVALS.

Sept 19—Str Gov Graham, with boats [illegible] and Nathan King in tow, and goods for R & A Murphy, J W S Crowson, Johnson & Kelly, M Greentree, [illegible] Murchison, Reid & Co, J C Poe, A A McKethan, [illegible] C Covington, J Utley, J A Liles, J G Shepherd, [illegible] Falls Co, J D Click & Co, A H Marsh, J McInnis, [illegible] Headen & Co, Wall & McDonald, H H Bea[illegible] C Little, J Sloan, Gray & Saunders, H Brown, [illegible] & Ogden, I H Foust, S Young, J A Boyden, [illegible] P Smith, J M A Drake, H Tyson, S Johnson, [illegible] A Bitting, R T Long, M L & R J Holmes, [illegible] son, Conrad & Williams, G W Johnson, Marsh & [illegible] H L Myrover & Co, P H Covington, [illegible] ton & co, J Newlin & Son, Maxwell & H[illegible] ner & Co, J M Roper & Co, Barnhardt & [illegible] Worth, Shelly & Fields, Martin & Carter, J R & [illegible] mer, Stafford, Clark & Dixon, G M Bingham, [illegible] Crist, Berien & Moore, A Reneher, J Worth & S[illegible] H Moore, Jenkins, Roberts & Co, J McIver, J W [illegible] Foust & Bro, A Weatherly, J T Hogan & Co, E J H[illegible] R Green, C G Yates, Dr J H Hawkins, F L Gorrell, [illegible] W Andrews, Worth & Elliott, W Weatherly, McCul[illegible] Mining Co, W S Pemberton, G C Moore, F M W[illegible] G Womack.

Sept. 20.—St'r Evergreen, with freight for Hunt & Adderton, T J Boner & Clinard, W J McConnel, D & W McLaurin, J Kyle, J N Smith, W F Moore, J A Liles, E C Hall, W J McDaniel, W Taylor, R D McNeill, J H & J Martine, D McNeill, Boner & Crist, E A Vogler & co, D Clewell, E Penry, Cook & Johnson, Rockfish [illegible] Lash & Bro, Benbow, Kyle & co, Beaver Creek co, [illegible] Brown & Lemley, W Boner, T C Pfohl, A W Steel, J H Hall, J G Shepherd, McCullough Copper co, Murphy, McRorie & co, A B Porter, G Brandt, H L Myrover & co, S H Steel, Starr & Williams, E B Wilder, T Bry[illegible] Westbrook & Godley, T J Wright, A B Smith, [illegible] W Faircloth, H A Munroe, D Sikes, R Freeman, [illegible] Blocker.

Sept 21—Str Sun, with goods for C E Leete, A W Steel, S W Tillinghast & Co, Starr & Williams, McArn & Lilly, A Johnson & Co, Murphy, McRorie & Co, S H Steel, J Dodd, Wm Sundy, Willkings & Co, E J Hale & Son, and others.

Sept 22—Str Douglass, with boat Eliza McDaniel in tow, and goods for sundry merchants.

Sept 20—Str Alice, with goods for W H Lutterloh & Co, J & T Waddill, S W Tillinghast & co, B Rose, Troy & Marsh, D & W McLaurin, Graham & Little.

Sept 21—Str Fanny Lutterloh, with goods for Troy & Marsh, E L & J A Pemberton, S W Tillinghast & co, J A McColeman, W H Lutterloh & co, J & T Waddill, T S Lutterloh, C S Johnson, R W Kinlaw & co, A A McKethan, C & Cain, G McNeill & co, Hall & Sacket, H & E J Lilly, J A McLane, S J Hinsdale, H C Lucas.

Sept 21—Str Southerner, with goods for T C Pfohl, J G & T B Lash, Hunt & Adderton, E A Vogler & co, Boner & Crist, T J Boner & Clinard, G Riley, J Kyle, W J McConnell, J J Lindsay, J D Bunn & Lemly, J A Liles, E C Hall, Beaver Creek Manf co, W J McDermit, C Ebert, F Fries, D F Dalton, J H Hall, J G Lash, W Taylor, Cook & Johnson, R M Orrell, H Erambert, D & W McLaurin, W F Moore, E W Willkings, J H C[illegible] Worth & Elliott, F N Roberts, F D Breece, Mr Jones.

Sept 23—Str Alice, with goods for A W Steel, S H Steel, A Johnson & co, McArn & Lilly, J Dodd, Boner & Clinard, A McFadyen, F Fries, E A Vogler, Boner & Crist, W J McDiarmid, Murphy, McRorie & co, Troy & Marsh, McDonald & McMaster, S W Tillinghast & co, J M Beasly.

Sept 24—Str Fanny Lutterloh, with goods for Troy & Marsh, J Kyle, J & T Waddill, S W Tillinghast & co, J McRae, R W Kinlaw & co, W H Lutterloh & co, J W Baker, B Rose, N McLean, H Clapp, A Johnson & co, A W Steel, A Weatherly, E Glover, Murphy, McRorie & co, H H Baxter.

Sept 23—Str Rowan, with goods for S W Tillinghast & co, J & T Waddill, J O Boon & co, D & W McLaurin, G W Lawrence & co, B Rose, R W Kinlaw & co, W H Lutterloh & co, Troy & Marsh, N McLean, J W Baker, C D Nixon, Council & Cain, H & E J Lilly, Graham & Little, Jones & Lett, Sill & Sill.

Sept. 23.—St'r Gov. Graham, with boats N King and Gen'l McRae, with freight for W R Wilson, Chambers & Chambers, Transom & Bro, Berier & Moore, Hauser & Wilson, J M Worth, Tomlinson, English & co, G W Johnson, W Fulton, A Brown, R & A Murphy, Tyson & Kelly & co, E Belo, J R & J Sloan, Jenkins, Roberts & co, F L Gorrell, Johnson & Kelly, Earnhardt, Adderton & Moore, Cedar Fall co, Smith, Clark & Swain, Lucas & Fry, J McIver, Gardner & co, Gold Hill Manf co, M Brown & son, T G Wheaton, M Boger, Blum & Lash, C W Andrews, W H A Spear, Benham & Tomlin, W [illegible] Steel, C G Yates, S D Keehln, Shelly & Field, J R & J Sloan, G Brandt, P C Sanders, D W C Benbow, M M Transom, J Worth & Sons, C W Williams & co, Marsh & Troy, J Utley, G W Williams & co, J Hargrove, J [illegible] Hogan & co, J W Can, G Womack, Conrad & W[illegible] J Long, J W Watson, G McNeill, R T Long, Gray & Saunders, H S Corman, R E Golding, C A Harrison, M A Drake, McCullock Mining co, Stanly & Marrow, R & A Murphy, W C Leak, A Weatherly, H L Myrover & co, R Green, J A Boyden, G Makepeace, S Johnson, J C Barnhardt, F Fries, T J B Clinard, D T [illegible] Boner & Crist, Foulkes & McRae, G W Harris, Island Ford co, J F Chambers, M Chambers, A S Horney, [illegible] R & D C Hardin, A Lomax, Richwine, Harrison & [illegible] S Perry, Harris & Kirk.

Sept. 25.—St'r Douglass, with freight for J N Smith, C T Haigh & son, C E Leete, D W C Benbow, Cedar Falls co, Mrs Sweeny, E F Gunnell, G W Johnson, H L Gorman, J McIver, E Belo, Murchison, Reid & co, E J Hale & son, T C Blake, King & Hege, J S & A Gainey, Jones & Leech, D & W McLaurin.

PORT OF WILMINGTON.

ARRIVALS.

Sept. 16.—Schrs. R W Brown from N York, Champion from Shallotte. 18.—Brig Judge Hathaway from N York; Schrs. Rachel from Philad, Topaz from Hyde. 19.—Schr. Midyett from Hyde. 22—Schrs T A Ward from Boston, West Wind from New York. 23—Schr Mary Powell from New York. 24—Schrs L P Smith and Elouise from New York.

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE.

MONDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 26, 1853.

OUR NEW PRESS.—On Wednesday last, the "Northern [illegible] Power Press" which we recently purchased from the manufactory of Charles A. [illegible] at Syracuse, N. Y., arrived here, [illegible] intelligent direction of Mr. J. M. S[illegible], practical printer from that city, all its complicated parts were put together and the first sheet printed on it within about 12 working days. Its work is before the reader. The whole of to-day's edition of the Weekly and Semi-Weekly Observer, is printed on it. We know that the reader will agree with us, that nothing could be better and more distinct than the impression.—The type seems to be renewed, and as fresh and clear as when first used 24 years ago. The only things wanting are a little experience in the placing of the sheet, so that the margins shall be equal, and the columns on both sides of the paper fall upon each other—what printers call "good register"—a somewhat different quality of ink and other trifling variations from to-day's work.

Being entirely new, the Press of course requires more power to move it than it will require when it shall have been worked smooth. Yet before 1000 sheets had been printed on it, it was worked by hand so rapidly that twenty-two sheets were printed in one minute, which is at the rate of 1320 per hour—about six times as fast as the usual work upon our old press with its self-inking apparatus. We intend, however, very soon to procure a steam engine as the motive power, not with a view to greater speed, (for 1000 per hour is the height of our ambition at present,) but as more economical and convenient than manual power.

In addition to the newspaper, it is calculated for all descriptions of job printing, except small cards. We have already printed on it a small bill and a pamphlet sheet of 16 octavo pages.—They were both done in better style than usual upon hand presses.

The original cash cost of the Press was $800, but that amount will be increased to about $1000 by expenses of getting it here, putting it up, &c. and probably to $1250 by a steam engine of capacity to drive it, say one or two horse power.

We hope, by its aid, to do much more printing, to do it better, and more expeditiously. It will give us increased facilities in the publication of the Observer, enabling us to go to press at a later hour, and of course to give later news. We have heretofore done nothing in the way of book printing; but we hope that the ability to do work of that kind will be followed by the opportunity.

Our brethren of the press, and others who may be curious to see the third power press ever used in North Carolina,—the first of its kind,—are invited to call.

The confusion produced in our office by the putting up of a new press and the taking down of an old one, together with indisposition among our hands, and the occurrence of a Regimental Muster, altogether formed so many hindrances that we *could not* publish the Semi-Weekly Observer on Thursday last. We hope subscribers to it will excuse the omission.

THE WESTERN RAIL ROAD.—Our community was surprised on Friday last by finding in the Raleigh Register the following:

FAYETTEVILLE & WESTERN RAIL ROAD.
GUILFORD, Sept. 20, 1853.

MR. EDITOR:—At the instance of several gentlemen of high standing in this State, Mr. Smith and myself, shortly after visiting North Carolina, were induced to subscribe for a large portion of the stock in the Fayetteville and Western Rail Road. We had no mistrust as to the *utility* and success of the work, nor did we anticipate, at the time of subscription, any opposition, at least in North Carolina. But since we have commenced our operations on the road, we have felt and witnessed with deep mortification and pain, the series of attacks made upon this road, and the Deep River improvement, by Dr. Elisha Mitchell, Professor of Geology and Mineralogy at Chapel Hill,—a gentleman of great learning, occupying a high and commanding position throughout the whole country, and especially in the immediate vicinity.

Seeing his determined opposition, I most respectfully suggest to my fellow stockholders, as well as to those interested in the River improvement, whether it would not be prudent, and to their interest, to abandon both these works forthwith, and save all further expenditure.

Most respectfully,
JOHN L. COLBY.

Some were at first inclined to consider the above a hoax, perpetrated by some young gentleman at Chapel Hill. Others thought that it was genuine, and intended to operate upon the price of Coal lands, and enable individuals to buy them at a low rate, upon the supposition that the rail road would be abandoned, &c., &c.

The Directors of the Company in this place have received no communication from either Smith or Colby, who are said to have dissolved partnership. But circumstances induce us to believe that the above letter is genuine, and that Messrs. Smith & Colby do not intend to make good their subscription. They have not paid the 2d instalment, amounting to $20,320. They did pay the first, $1 per share ($4,064,) in cash. Their payment of the first instalment, their large purchases of mineral lands, and recently of real estate in this town, had inspired confidence in them even with those who originally doubted.

Grateful as we ought to be, perhaps, along with the Deep River company, (in which we believe Mr. Colby has no interest,) for the "most respectful suggestion" of that individual, we think we may assure him and the public, that no such idea is entertained here. We have had assurances that if Smith & Colby had not, others of higher standing and well known means, would have taken the stock, or at least enough of it to put the road beyond contingency. And we believe that they will still do so. Of that, however, we hope to be able to speak with more confidence hereafter. In the mean time, the Directors on Saturday last ordered further surveys necessary to the ascertainment of the best location for the route. They intend to go on with the work, hoping to be as little damaged by the defection of Smith & Colby as they have been alarmed by the writings of Dr. Elisha Mitchell—and that is to the extent of just nothing at all.

We make no appeal to our citizens to stand fast under this back out; for we have heard no one express the least hesitation or doubt as to the course which duty and interest point out. These demand that the rail road to the Coal Mines shall be built; and the people of Fayetteville are determined that it shall be.

To those in other parts of the State who will (if we may judge from the past,) attempt to make themselves merry over this defection at the expense of Fayetteville, we would remark in advance, that all men are liable to be deceived, but it is not every town that can boast that the deception is not practised by its own citizens.

HIGH PRICES OF BANK STOCK.—10 Shares of Cape Fear Bank Stock were sold at auction in this place a few days ago at $125 25 per share, ($100,) and 40 Shares of Bank of Fayetteville Stock at $63 50 per share, ($50.)

SPEED.—The mails are improving. We have occasionally received Norfolk papers on the morning after their date, and the Raleigh Register on the morning before its date. *Per contra*, on Friday last we received the Baltimore Patriots of the preceding Saturday, Monday, and Tuesday. Where had they all lagged?

COPPER ORE.—We have received from Mr. Hadley, agent for the Johnson Mining Company of Chatham county, a fine specimen of ore from the Johnson mine. It was obtained at a depth of 17 feet. The vein of quartz rock in which the ore is embedded is near five feet wide, and of unexplored length. Mr. H. informs us that many discoveries in the mineral Kingdom are being made in that and the adjoining counties, calculated greatly to enhance the aggregate value of property and multiply the resources of the country. Our hearty good wishes are with every thing so calculated.

THE STATE FAIR.—In addition to the carriages which Mr. McKethan and Mr. Whitfield propose to send to the State Fair, we are glad to learn that Messrs. Pier & Brannin, also of this place, intend to send a specimen of their best work in the same line; and that Mr. David Gee will send some of his elegant Hats, of Fayetteville manufacture. We take it for granted, though not authorised to say so, that each of the seven Cotton Factories in this place and vicinity will make their goods known on the same occasion.

Are there not, likewise, many articles of household manufacture, which may show to advantage the skill in housewifery of the Ladies of Cumberland; many excellent specimens of Stock, of agricultural productions; in short, many things good of their kind, which our people will be patriotic enough to send to the *first* North Carolina State Fair? And in addition to all these things, let the best and best looking of the people of Cumberland, male and female, show themselves there.

TELEGRAPH OFFICE.—We are requested to state, that the office of the Telegraph has been removed to the building on Gillespie street nearly opposite the Branch of the Bank of the State.

NAVAL STORES.—The Turpentine getters and Distillers in this part of the country are reaping a rich harvest. Prices are very high, and demand active. See quotations. We observe in the Wilmington Herald, that on Thursday and Friday last no less than 2221 bbls. of Spirits were sold in that market, the price going up from 50 to 60 cents per gallon.

DIVIDEND.—The Bank of Washington has declared a semi-annual dividend of 4 per cent.

A GLORIOUS PARTY.—The N. Y. National Democrat, Hunker, congratulates its party upon the result of the late Convention at Syracuse, which affords them "a complete and honorable emancipation from the degrading association of such a conglomeration of political hucksters, traitors, shoulder hitters, thimble riggers, thieves, rowdies and assassins, who are branded with eternal infamy." (These are the men appointed to office by the President.)

The Buffalo Republic, not to be outdone, retorts on the Hunkers, that *they* "will henceforth be known and read of all men" as forming a crew of political desperadoes and freebooters who are fighting for plunder and revenge on their own hook. All the true Democrats will rejoice that we are to be rid, at length, of their presence and association. They have been the reproach and disgrace of the party for many years."

The National Democrat says that the Washington Union is edited by "a fangless driveller and pap-fed cerberus, who advocates a narrow, time-serving and lick-spittle policy." (The policy acted upon by the President.)

The Washington Union retorts upon the Democrat all sorts of hard names and taunts, proving the Democrat and its allies to be scoundrels unworthy of confidence and too base for association—*after the election*.

Between these factions one finds it difficult to choose. They have known each other for a long time, have acted together for years, and ought to be well acquainted. No doubt they are; the result of the acquaintance is given above. We infer from it, that each has considered the public treasury a great cow for its own especial milking.

"WHEN ROGUES FALL OUT HONEST MEN GET THEIR DUES."—This old proverb is not only applicable at present to New York politics and politicians, but to those of Massachussetts also. Not only have the abolition and anti-abolition factions of the Locofoco party in New York quarrelled over the spoils, and separated, but the like event has happened in Massachussetts also, where the barefaced, corrupt coalition between them has enabled them to carry the State for several years past, and to partition the spoils among them. We are happy to say that they have separated. Their two Conventions were held on Friday last, one at Boston, the other at Worcester. They nominated separate tickets.

WHAT SHALL BE DONE WITH THE SURPLUS REVENUE?—This is becoming an important question.

It is ascertained that the Revenue for the year ending June 30th 1853, amounted to the enormous sum of $61,337,572, an increase of nearly twelve millions over the revenue of the year previous.

It is also ascertained that the expenditures for the year ending 30th June last were $43,543,419, nearly eighteen millions less than the revenue.

And it is further ascertained, that the balance in the treasury on the 1st of July last was $21,942,892. And this large balance remains after paying the usual year's expenses, as above, and $6,394,508 of the public debt.

It will scarcely be denied by any one, that twenty-two millions of dollars is too large a sum of revenue to be accumulated and idle in the public treasury. It is calculated to have a powerful influence on the commerce of the country—indeed on all financial affairs, both public and private; and though perhaps in the present condition of expansion that influence may possibly be beneficial, no one knows how soon a state of things may arise in which it will be hurtful. Its presence there is likely to promote corrupt and wasteful legislation by Congress, to which there is already quite a sufficient tendency.

How, then, shall it be disposed of? It is a most important inquiry. Disposed of it will be, beyond doubt, to a very material extent, at the ensuing long session of Congress. The public debt cannot be paid with it, except at an exhorbitant premium, say nearly $125 for every $100 of the debt. There is danger, that, elated with the possession of so much money, the dominant powers will be tempted to encourage some of the schemes of plunder or war which have so frequently been urged by their restless adherents. Or that it will be corruptly or wastefully granted away.

The only mode, in our opinion, by which some one or other of these evils may be prevented, is that the people insist upon a return to the policy which received the sanction of all parties, and along with them, of Gen. Jackson himself, in 1836, of *depositing with the States a reasonable portion of the surplus of the Revenue.* Of the twenty-two millions, let a third, say, be appropriated to paying off the public debt, a third be deposited with the States, and a third be retained in the Treasury to meet any exigency. Or, what would be exactly just, as well as within the ability of the Treasury, let the 4th instalment, amounting to nine millions of dollars, which was ordered to be paid to the States by the act of 1836, but which was withheld from them when the Treasury was bankrupted under the Administration of Van Buren in 1837, be now paid; and let the remaining thirteen millions of surplus be equally applied between the public debt and a contingent fund in the treasury.

There is no doubt about the obligation to pay the nine millions so long withheld. Not only was there a solemn law of Congress, appropriating to the States nine millions of dollars then actually in the treasury; but many of the States went on to contract obligations based on that appropriation. They did not for a moment doubt the faith of Congress. They regarded the money which Congress had ordered to be paid to them as already in their treasuries, and made *their* appropriations accordingly. It is true that, when they found the national treasury bankrupt, they magnanimously permitted their money to be withheld, and applied to the maintenance of the national faith to other creditors. But that State of bankruptcy no longer exists. It is not only convenient for the government now to pay *this* debt, but it is wise and safe to do it.

We call, therefore, upon the people, so far as we can reach them, without distinction of party, to demand the payment of this nine millions of dollars. Especially do we call upon the people of North Carolina to stir themselves about it. The share our State is entitled to is $477,919 13, a very large sum, almost one-fourth of her entire subscription to the Central rail road, the whole ten millions of which must be borrowed unless we insist upon and receive our due.

And this $477,919 13 will by no means be all we shall get, if we get that. It will be but the beginning. If the government is wisely and peacefully administered, there will probably be an annual surplus, as this year, of ten or twelve millions, half of which might with propriety be devoted to the gradual payment of the public debt, and the other half to depositing among the States.

The advantages to our State of an income of two or three hundred thousand dollars annually, are incalculable. The interest of all *our* public debt would be paid and a material part of the principal, if it were deemed important. Or there would be one or two hundred thousand dollars to apply annually to Education or Internal Improvements, either of which objects need all that we can command, to enable us to wipe out the reproach of being behind our sister States.

We have not time at present for more than this hasty call of public attention to a subject so every way important, whether viewed as a National or as a State question.

It may be useful to add, however, that the act of 1836, depositing the Surplus Revenue with the States, was passed in the Senate by a vote of 39 to 6, and in the House of Representatives by 155 to 38. Among the Senators who voted for it were Messrs. Buchanan, Calhoun, Clay, Crittenden, King of Alabama, Mangum, Webster and White. In the House, of the North Carolina delegation, one, Gen. McKay voted against the bill, and the following for it, viz: Messrs. *Bynum*, *Connor*, Deberry, *Hawkins*, *Montgomery*, Pettigrew, *Rencher*, A. H. Shepherd, *Speight*, and Williams. [Locos in *italics*.] GEN. JACKSON APPROVED THE BILL. The amount ordered to be deposited, under the law, was $37,468,859 97. The share of North Carolina was $1,911,676 53, of which $1,433,757 39 was paid, and the remainder, $477,919 13 remains till due.

Since the above was in type, we find, in the National Intelligencer received this morning, that the disposition of the large Surplus Revenue is engaging the attention of that paper. The Intelligencer opposes the purchase of the stocks representing the Public Debt, at the present exorbitant premium, but suggests that the surplus be loaned out on pledge of those stocks, at the low rate of 3 or 4 per cent.

This idea seems to us to be objectionable, if on no other grounds at least because it would convert the U. S. Treasury into a great money-lending concern.

BALTIMORE.—We are always pleased to record the evidences of increased prosperity of Southern cities and Southern industry of all kinds; and we are glad to learn from the American that Baltimore is now receiving a full share of patronage from the South and West. Many, says the American, who have heretofore given Baltimore a passing glance, have this year availed themselves of Baltimore's advantages, and given to the City Trade an animation never before equalled.

The City is now reaping the fruits of energy and enterprise. Millions of dollars have been expended in rail-roads and canals—the people have worked unitedly and perseveringly—and money has never been withheld from any work, however costly, which the honor and interests of the City demanded. The people of Baltimore have acted upon the principle that "there is that scattereth, yet increaseth;" now they are realizing its truth. If the people of the Old North State could beg, borrow, or steal a leaf out of Baltimore's book, we might confidently look for the speedy arrival of the better day which every body says is coming.

DIX AND DICKINSON.—There is something to us totally inexplicable in the course of the Washington Union and many other Southern Locofoco papers, towards these two distinguished politicians of the State of New York. They were formerly in the U. S. Senate together, and were as opposite as the poles in their views and *action* on the Southern question. Dix went the whole with the free-soilers. Dickinson, on the contrary, was so decidedly favorable to the rights of the South, that his name was stereotyped in the Northern free soil papers with black lines around it, and every other imaginable mark of indignity. These things so ingratiated him with the South, that in the Baltimore Locofoco Convention, the Virginia delegation supported him for President.

Suddenly, however, the Washington Union, the official journal, and its satellites, have endeavored, by garbled extracts from his speeches, to show him up as a free soiler. But our purpose is not so much with him. He may take care of himself, as he has done by defying the Union, and exposing its misrepresentations.

What we are particularly interested in, is the fact, that for some reason or other, the Union, the Charleston Mercury, and many others, including the North Carolinian of this place, have undertaken to whitewash this Mr. Dix, and to show that he is a marvellous proper man to receive high office from President Pierce.

We are free to admit that we did not expect any thing better from President Pierce. In our opinion there never was any material difference between the opinions of Dix and Pierce on the Southern question. But we never expected to see Southern papers defending the appointment of a man whose course had been so open and so bitter in opposition to the South.

The pretence set up in his justification, is a letter recently written by him, in which he says, in substance, that he never was an abolitionist, though he opposed the extension of slavery into free territory; that he is in favor of carrying "the fugitive slave law into execution in good faith, like any other law of the land;" and that he has given his assent to the Baltimore Platform.

This may be all very true; for New York politicians have been known before this to make very liberal professions, and to change very essentially their political faith, *for the sake of a good fat office*. Such an office Gen. Dix has secured, and it is understood that President Pierce promised him a much more important one.

But what has been his course? What are his antecedents, as the term is?

Listen to the Richmond Enquirer, whose Locofocoism, and whose devotion to the South, no one will question. Speaking of the supposed appointment of Gen. Dix as Minister to France, the Enquirer says,—

"Aside from the personal fitness of the man, we can plead nothing in apology for the appointment. But our enemies find in his past history much to discredit him in the esteem of the South. His complicity with Van Buren in 1848—his zealous co-operation with Charles Francis Adams and Seth M. Gates in the Buffalo movement—his furious abolition speeches in the Senate of the United States *prior to that period*—his famous flourish about a "cordon of Free States surrounding the South, and compelling slavery, like a scorpion encircled by fire, to sting itself to death"—will all be revived, with every circumstance of rhetorical exaggeration, to impair the strength of the Administration in the South. In vain, would we plead, like the Charleston Mercury, that the treachery of 1848 was but an indiscretion into which the controlling influence of a "venerated chief" impelled him. We should be met and confounded with the triumphant reply—that the episode was of a piece with his political life, and that may again yield to the mischievous influence of some "venerated chief," and fall once more from his high estate."

Now is not this man, as he describes himself, and as the Richmond Enquirer describes him, a singular subject for laudation and defence by *Southern* papers? He himself now avows his hostility to the extension of slavery to free territory. That is, should the United States, in any way, by purchase, conquest, or annexation, become possessed of territory now without slavery, he is opposed to allowing slavery ever to be extended into it. He would cut off the South from all participation in its benefits; indeed he would subject the South to great damage from it, for every new free State weakens the relative power of the slave States. He was, in accordance with his well known and well settled principles, an ardent supporter of Martin Van Buren and C. F. Adams, the Abolition candidates for President and Vice President in 1848. So bitter was his abolitionism, that he left his own party candidates, Cass and Butler, to support those who openly avowed their hostility to the South. And finally, and above all, he was in favor of a "cordon of free States surrounding the South, and compelling slavery, like a scorpion encircled by fire, to sting itself to death." Benevolent Mr. Dix! How manifestly have you entitled yourself to the support of Southern Locofocos! How richly deserved office from a Locofoco President who was elected as peculiarly the friend of the South!

To show how easily New York politicians can turn their coats when the spoils are at stake, we may cite part of an article from the N. Y. Evening Post, the organ of the Barnburners, which says,—

"What was said on that question (the fugitive slave law) was no doubt said with equal sincerity by the hards and softs, by the terrified or unterrified. Both of them adopted a stereotype set of phrases, which *no more express the opinions of their constituents than if they were a recognition of the Greek mythology* as the religion of the country. Both, for example, speak of the fugitive slave law as an ordinance which they are ready to obey and execute with cheerfulness and alacrity. They, perhaps, are not aware *how little truth there is in such declaration.* * * * * *There never was, in our opinion, a form of words uttered in mock worship with more utter heartlessness and disregard of sincerity than these pheabs of the two assemblies of the delegates at Syracuse.*"

"The Republican refugees of France, Germany, Italy, Hungary, Poland, and Cuba, and delegates from various associations in New York," held a great meeting in that City on the 22d inst. The French Red Republican Flag, and many banners inscribed with progressive mottoes were displayed—the usual amount of bluster was let off in the speeches—and thundering resolutions were adopted. Kosta was eulogized, Ingraham was highly praised, and the policy of the United States Government clearly marked out to suit the tastes of the "republican refugees."

FROM EUROPE.—The Africa, with dates to the 10th inst. has arrived.

Nothing decisive had been heard from Russia, and increased anxiety was felt in consequence.—English and French funds were depressed.

Cotton was dull and rather lower. Sales of the week 33,000 bales.

The Bank of England has raised the rate of interest to 4 per cent. It was recently 2 per ct.

A large manufactory of prints at Manchester, N. H., was burnt on Friday last. Loss $250,000. And an oil factory at Brooklyn. Loss $120,000. Both insured.

MACAULAY'S HISTORY OF ENGLAND.—The N. Y. Times says:

We learn, from good authority, that the third volume of Macaulay's History of England—which has been announced as just upon the eve of publication—cannot be ready before the Fall of 1854. We have reason to believe, moreover, that the story of Macaulay's being in the habit of taking opium to excess, which is now going the rounds of the press, is an entire fabrication.

THE CRYSTAL PALACE.—The number of visiters on Thursday last was 17,295.

We have received the September number of Blackwood from Messrs. L. Scott & Co.; and late numbers of the American Illustrated Magazine of Art, from Alex. Montgomery of New York.

BEAUFORT.—Mr. Wm. V. Geffroy issues proposals for the Mirror, a weekly Democratic paper, at Beaufort.

THE SCUPPERNONG GRAPE.—Dr. Togno, who has devoted several years to the cultivation of the grape, near Wilmington, writes to the Charleston Mercury, that he has discovered by numerous experiments that the Scuppernong vine may be pruned, (contrary to the universal belief,) not only without destroying the vine by its bleeding to death, but to the great improvement of the fruit. The only period for pruning it, he says, is just when it has been disburthened of its ripe fruit. At any other time pruning kills the vine. Pruning, he says, will remedy the irregular blooming of the vine, and the consequent irregular ripening of the fruit; will concentrate a greater number of berries on the same cluster, cause the fruit to have a thinner skin, fewer seeds, less mucilage, more sugar, and milder tanning, or self-preserving principles. "I have always, (says Dr. T.,) looked upon the Scuppernong as the grape that was to be the most profitable of all those American varieties that came to my notice, and the American champagne grape par excellence; its aromatic bouquet making it superior to the Pinot, or Pineau of Champagne."

This cannot fail to be interesting to the thousands in this part of the State who cultivate this purely North Carolina Grape. It is a fine bearer now, but by pruning away the old and dead wood, enlarging the bunches, and securing a uniform period of ripening, its value as a wine grape would be greatly increased.

THINLY CLAD.—A Bombay paper says that it is a fact that "the entire population of India do not expend sixpence per year per head in clothing."

Hope H. Slatter, a well known and wealthy negro trader, of Mobile, died in that city on the 15th inst. He was formerly for a few months a resident of this place.

The Grand Lodge of I. O. O. F. of the United States closed its annual session last Saturday, having been in convention during the entire week. The session of 1854 will be held at Baltimore.

Every State in the Union was represented in this body, and much interesting business was transacted, which will in due time be laid before the subordinate Lodges. The whole number of Odd Fellows in connection at this time is about 230,000, and the receipts of the last year were nearly $1,500,000.

The Grand Lodge made an appropriation of five hundred dollars for the relief of the sufferers at New Orleans, and two hundred and fifty dollars for the same object at Mobile.

The Pennsylvanian mentions a rumor that William H. Allen of Ohio, will get the China mission. Mr. Allen was known in Congress, as "The Chinese Gong," from the noise he made as a public speaker, and this fact has probably suggested his name to the President.

Mr. Collier.—The sureties of this defaulter have paid over into the treasury $118,000 on account of the balance due from Mr. C. He was the late collector at San Francisco.

The Comet has got ahead of the Sun, and an exchange paper says that it may be seen by getting up before sunrise, and looking Eastward. We fear that our chance of seeing his tail-ship again are small, for we *can't* get up so early. So, good bye, Mr. Comet—take care of yourself—look out for your tail, and don't let anybody tie knots in it.—*Wilmington Journal.*

MARRIED,

In this town, on the 22d instant, by Rev. Daniel Johnson, Mr. DAVID SIKES, of Bladen county, to Miss ISABELLA COOK, of Fayetteville.

In this town, on Thursday morning, the 22d inst., by the Rev. Mr. Frost, Mr. ROBERT DODD to Miss FRANCES W. ELAM, all of this town.

At the residence of Judge Bailey, near Hillsborough, on the 19th inst., by the Rev. Dr. Wheat, HENRY M. WADDELL, Esq., of Chapel Hill, to Miss ELIZABETH B. BROWNRIGG, of Columbus, Miss.

DIED,

In this town, on the 23d inst., Col. ELIJAH FULLER, aged 43 years, 3 months, and 16 days.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKET.—Sept. 26.

BACON—	9 a 9½	MOLASSES—	
BEESWAX—	24 a 25	Cuba	25 a 26
CANDLES—F.F.	16 a 17	New Orleans,	37½ a 40
Adamantine	30 a 35	NAILS—	5½ a 6
Sperm	50 a	OILS—Linseed,	80 a
COFFEE—Rio,	12 a 13	Tanners',	60 a 70
Laguira,	12½ a 13½	SALT—	
St. Domingo,	10 a 11	Liv'l, sack,	2 00 a 2 25
COTTON—		Alum, bu.	a
Strictly prime,	10½ a 10¾	SEED—	
Prime,	9½ a	Flaxseed,	1 00 a
Fair,	9 a 9½	Clover, per lb.	12½ a 15
COTTON BAGGING—		SHOT—	
Gunny,	13 a 15	Com., pr. bag,	2 00 a
Dundee,	12 a 14	Buck,	2 25 a
Burlaps,	10 a 12	SPIRITS—	
COTTON YARNS—		Peach Brandy,	50 a 60
No. 5 to 10,	17 a 18	Apple "	45 a 50
DOMESTIC GOODS—		N. C. Whiskey,	33 a 36
Bro. Sheetings,	7½ a 8	Northern "	a
Osnaburgs,	9½ a 10	N. E. Rum,	40 a
FEATHERS—	35 a 37	Jamaica Rum,	$2 a 2 50
FLOUR—		Fr. Brandy,	$2 a 3 00
Superfine,	5 85 a 5 90	American Gin,	30 a 40
Fine,	5 50 a	Holland Gin,	1 50 a 2 00
Scratched,	5 25 a	SUGAR—	
GRAIN—		Loaf,	11 a 12
Corn,	70 a 75	Crushed,	10 a 11
Wheat,	95 a	St. Croix,	9 a
Oats,	50 a	Porto Rico,	7 a 9
Peas,	a	New Orleans,	6 a 8
Rye,	a	TALLOW—	8 a
HIDES—Dry,	7 a 8	TOBACCO—	
Green,	3 a	Leaf,	none.
IRON—		Manufactured,	8 a 15
Swedes, co. bar,	5 a	WHITE LEAD—	$2¼ a 2 50
Ditto, wide,	6 a	WINDOW GLASS—	
English,	4 a	8 x 10,	2¼ a 2½
LARD—	10 a 11	10 x 12,	2½ a
LEAD—	8½ a 9	WOOL—	22 a 23

REVIEW OF THE MARKET.

Bacon—Receipts large; market may be considered dull.

Coffee—We notice a small advance on last week.

Cotton—We notice sales of new at 10¾. Principal sales at about 10½; manufacturing interest taking nearly all.

Corn market heavy.

Wheat—We advance our figures; sales to-day at quotations.

Spirits 55 to 58, sellers ask 60. Turpentine $3.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

Turpentine 3 50, steady. Spirits 60. Bacon—hams 12 to 12½, shoulders 10½, sides 10½. Lard 12½ to 13. Super. Fayetteville Flour 6 25 to 6 37½. Timber—several rafts sold at 5 50, 8 50, $9, $10, $11, 11 25.

At Charleston, Cotton 8½ to 10½, small sales. N. C. Corn 68. Flour 6 to 6 62. Sack Salt 1 50. Rio Coffee 12.

Total receipts of cotton since 1st Sept., 18,372 bales, against 46,402 last year. Decrease 28,030.

Cotton is selling in Cheraw at 9½ to 10 cents. The river is near low water.

New Fall Goods.

THE subscribers have just received and opened, at their Old Stand, a very large and handsome Stock of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

Embracing every style and quality Ladies' Dress Goods. Also, all styles of Goods for Gentlemen's wear; Fine Moleskin and other styles fashionable Dress Hats; Satin and Straw Bonnets; Boots and Shoes, etc.

☞ We call particular attention to a splendid assortment of

Ready-made Clothing,

Of the very best material and workmanship.

In our stock may be found all Goods suited to the season, at the very lowest market prices. All in want of Goods in our line will please give us a call.

E. L. & J. A. PEMBERTON.
Hay St., Fayetteville, Sept. 26. 30tf

FOR SALE,

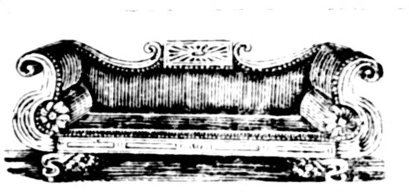
250 BOXES Manufactured Tobacco. We have in store a large stock of Tobacco, and expect to receive constantly from J. W. Reid and Thomas's and other factories, an assortment of qualities to enable us to furnish purchasers any quality at lowest factory prices.

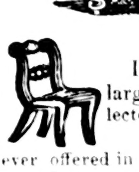
D. & W. McLAURIN.
Sept. 1853. 30tf

HUNGARIAN BOOTS.

10 CASES of those superior Water Proof Boots for sale by COOK & JOHNSON.
Sept. 26, 1853. 30-3w

5,000 LBS. North Carolina Bacon, very superior; Hams, Sides and Shoulders. Just received and for sale by BEVERLY ROSE.
Sept. 25, 1853. 30-3t





J. W. BAKER

Is now receiving from the North the largest, finest, and most carefully selected stock of

FURNITURE

ever offered in this market; which, added to his own manufacture, makes his assortment complete;—all of which he will sell on the lowest possible terms for cash or on time to punctual customers.

Fine Rose Wood Pianos, (Bennet & Co's, of Broadway, New York,) fashionable painted cottage bed-room Furniture in setts; curled hair and shuck, and cotton Mattresses; Looking Glasses; Willow Wagons and Cradles; Patent Self-swinging Cradles; Side Boards; Bureaus; Secretaries and Book-Cases; What-Nots; Tables, all sorts; Wash Stands; Candle Stands; Wardrobes; Picture Frames and Glass; Window Shades; Cornices; Curtain Bands; Sofas in Mahogany and Walnut; Tete a Tetes; Ottomans; Divans and Stools; Chairs of every variety.

September, 1853. 30tf

TAKEN UP.

WAS committed to the Jail of Cumberland county, N. C., on the 17th instant, a negro man who says his name is Dave, and that he belongs to Henry H. J. Rodgers, of Marlboro' Dist., S. C. Said negro is of dark complection, weighs about 140 pounds, 5 feet 6 inches high, and about 35 years old. Had on when bro't to Jail, an old wool hat, a brown woollen frock coat, and a pair of striped cashmere pantaloons.

The owner of said negro is hereby notified to come forward, prove his property, pay all charges, and take him away, or he will be dealt with as the law directs in such cases.

JOHN D. McARTHUR, Jailer.
September 23, 1853. 30tf

North Carolina Cassimeres.

MR. JAMES G. COOK has on hand a full stock of Rock Island Cassimeres, manufactured by Carson, Young & Grier, at their Mill in Mecklenburg County, N. C., where consumers and merchants can be supplied. The manufacturers recommend their fabrics as being equal in durability, and as permanent in color, as any goods of similar character manufactured or sold in the U. S. They invite the most full and thorough tests of them, and only ask to be patronized in proportion to their merits.

Sept 9. 27tf

Office of the Cape Fear and Deep River Navigation Company.

STOCK FOR SALE.

THE Stock of the following persons in the C. F. & D. R. N. Company will be sold on Wednesday, the 16th of NOVEMBER next, at the Court House in Pittsborough, said subscribers having failed to pay their subscription to the original Capital Stock of said Company under the original Charter:

Subscribers' Names	No. of Shares.
J. H. Rothwell	1
A. B. Rothwell	1
W. O. Jeffreys	1
John A. Cox	1
P. Gard	1
Andrew Vestal	1
C C Tully	1
O Andrews	1
James Hutton	2
A. N. Beth	1
William Watson	5
William Smith	1
James McGary	1
E. B. Drake	1
W. F. Collins	5
E. Fooshee	1
O. W. Lindley	1
Nicholas Marks	1
Thomas B. Long	2
B. J. Hackney	2
O. D. Petty	1
James D. Pullin	10
John McKellar	1
G. W. Hight	1
James Brown	1
John W. Lane	1
George Wilcox	7
John W. Hooker	5
G. M. Brazier	5
M. C. Gardner	5
John A. McDonald	2
J. M. Walker	1
W. H. Hughes	1
Charles Bright	5

By order of the Board.
HENRY A. LONDON, Treasurer.
Pittsboro', Sept. 7, 1853. 27-ts

Valuable Town Lots For Sale.

ON Friday the 21st of October, I shall sell at public sale, a number of Town lots situated at the Depot on the North Carolina Railroad, where the Fayetteville and Western Plank Road crosses said Railroad. This Depot is in the south part of Guilford county, sixteen miles southwest of Greensborough, and 17 miles southeast of Salem; it is the highest point on the Railroad, in a healthy country, a Plank Road is already constructed from it to Fayetteville and constructing and extending westward through Salem to the mountain counties. This depot, being the nearest point on the Railroad to those counties and by Plank Road making it of easy access to them, must, if capital should concentrate at it, make it one of the most important depots on the North Carolina Railroad. Terms made known on day of sale.
SOLOMON KENDALL.
September 6, 1853. 27-ts

Drugs and Medicines, Paints, Oils and Dye-Stuffs, Glass and Putty.

SAMUEL J. HINSDALE

HAS recently purchased in New York, Philadelphia and Boston, a large addition to his stock of Drugs, Medicines, &c., which he is now receiving.

His Medicines were selected by himself, with usual care as to purity and genuineness.

He will furnish Physicians, Country Merchants, and the public with Drugs, Medicines, &c., at as low prices as they can be afforded in the State.

SAM'L J. HINSDALE.
Market Square.
Sept. 8, 1853. 26-2m

Fall and Winter Stock, 1853.

THE Subscriber calls the attention of his friends and the public to his recent purchases of

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES,

Which is one of the largest assortments that he has ever called the attention of his friends and the public to. He has now in Store nearly every style of

Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes

now in vogue, of all prices to suit the times or the customer however fastidious he may be. He would say to all such as want the worth of their money to call and examine his stock of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES, as he is desirous to exchange the same into Cash as soon as possible, in order that he may replenish.

J. C. THOMSON,
Market Square.
Sept. 12, 1853. 27-tf

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS.

A. M. & C. S. Johnson

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public that they have opened a large assortment of *Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Cutlery, &c.*, in the south end of Arey's buildings, next to the State Bank, where they would be pleased to see all those wishing to purchase at low prices.

Also, a large and handsome assortment of Ready-Made Clothing.

Their stock is entirely new, having been recently purchased in the Northern markets.

A. M. JOHNSON,
C. S. JOHNSON.
Sept. 10, 1853. 27-6m

HOTEL.

THE subscriber having purchased the Hotel situated on the South-East corner of Court House Square, and lately known as Stuart's Hotel, would inform the public that he is now ready to accommodate boarders by the day, week or month. Having made considerable outlay in furnishing and refitting the Establishment, he hopes to be able to give satisfaction to all who patronize him. His Table shall be furnished with the best the market affords, his Bar with the best of Liquors, and his Stable with a plenty of good provender and faithful Ostlers.

J. A. GILCHRIST.
June 26, 1852. 3-tf

$100 REWARD.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, two Negro Girls and four Children, viz: MARTHA, a bright mulatto, five feet four or five inches high, took with her two girl children, Frances and Ann; HANNAH, copper colored, about the same height of Martha. Hannah took with her two male children, Lewis and John.

The above negroes formerly belonged to the estate of George T. Barksdale, and are supposed to be lurking about the Cape Fear, about Mr. Winslow's plantation. The above reward will be paid for their confinement in any Jail so that the subscriber can get them, or for their delivery to the subscriber in Sampson county.

FLEET R. PETERSON.
September 6, 1853. 26-tf

☞ Professor Alex. C. Barry's Tricopherous,

or Medicated Compound, for Beautifying, Curling, Preserving, Restoring and Strengthening the Hair, Relieving Diseases of the Skin, Curing Rheumatic Pains, and Healing External wounds. Bounded by no geographical lines, the reputation of Barry's Tricopherous pervades the Union. The sales of the article of late years have increased in a ratio that almost exceeds belief. Professor Barry, after a careful examination of his sales' book, finds that the number of bottles delivered to order, in quantities of from half a gross upward, during the year 1852, was within a trifle of 950,000.

It is unnecessary to present at length the evidences of the wonderful properties of the Tricopherous, when the public have furnished such an indorsement as this. The cheapness of the article and the explanations given of its chemical action upon the hair, the scalp, and in all cases of superficial irritation, first recommended it to the attention of the people. This was all that the inventor desired. Every bottle advertised itself. The effects of the fluid exceeded expectation. It acted like a charm. The ladies would not be without it. Country dealers in every section of the United States found they must have it, and thus was built up a wholesale trade to an extent hitherto unheard of as regards articles of this kind. The highest point has not yet been reached, and it is believed that the sales this year will be a million and a half of bottles.

Depot and Manufactory, No. 137 Broadway, New York. Retail price, 25 cents a large bottle.

Liberal discount to purchasers by the quantity. Sold by all the principal merchants and druggists throughout the United States and Canada, Mexico, West Indies, Great Britain, France, &c. And by S. J. HINSDALE, Fayetteville, N. C. [96-6mpd]

STEAMER HENRIETTA,

THROUGH from A. Wessell's wharf in Wilmington, to her old wharf in Fayetteville, with a sufficient number of Flats to accommodate those wishing to ship through or way freight.

R. M. ORRELL,
Agent at Fayetteville.
Sept. 9, 1853. 27tf

THE STEAMER "SUN."

THIS new and very light draught Steamer has commenced running, though not quite finished. She is taking freight, drawing only 13 inches water. She possesses superior advantages for low water service.—She has also a large amount of warehouse, shed and wharf room, where Naval Stores or other freight may be stored with safety.

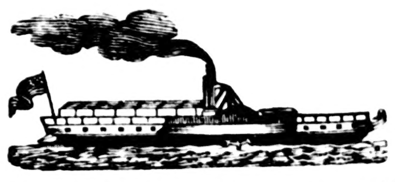
R. M. ORRELL, Ag't.
Sept. 10, 1853. 27tf

THE STEAMER "ALICE"

WILL commence her regular trips on Wednesday, 31st August; will leave Fayetteville WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY mornings at 6 o'clock, and Wilmington on MONDAY and THURSDAY mornings at 6 o'clock.

She has superior accommodations for passengers.

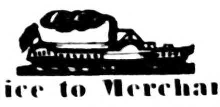
T. S. LUTTERLOH,
Agent at Fayetteville.
J. R. BLOSSOM,
Agent at Wilmington.
August 29, 1853. 23-1m



FREIGHTING ON CAPE FEAR.

THE subscribers having purchased the Steamers Evergreen and Southerner and Tow Boats, lately the property of the Henrietta Steamboat Company, are now prepared to forward with despatch, between Wilmington and Fayetteville, all freights or goods entrusted to them.

F. N. & J. H. ROBERTS.
Fayetteville, Feb'y 14, 1853. 6Stf



Notice to Merchants.

THROUGH BY DAY LIGHT.

THE swift and commodious Steamboat Alice, Capt. Sam'l Beery, will commence her regular semi-weekly trips between Fayetteville and Wilmington in a few days. Those who desire their goods with certainty and despatch will obtain them by shipping by her. Due notice of days and hours of departure from each place will be given. Goods consigned to J. R. Blossom, Agent, will be promptly and carefully forwarded as usual.

August 1853. 181

NOTICE.

FRUIT TREES, Roses, Greenhouse Plants, of the choicest kinds, at the Nursery of the subscriber, near Greensborough, N. C.

AGENTS.—Worth and Elliot, Fayetteville; J. Lutter and Knight, Montgomery county, and Nathan Bowdon, Richmond county, N. C.

All orders addressed to the Proprietor at Greensboro promptly attended to. Postage must be paid.

THOMAS H. FENTRESS.
Sept. 10, 1853. 27-7t

Pilot Mountain.

THIS Great Natural Curiosity is situated in Surry County, N. C., two miles west of the Stokes line, on the main road leading from Salem west; distance 25 miles, Germanton 18 miles, Bethany 17 miles, and within 5 miles of the Stage line from the above places across the Blue Ridge by Mount Airy to the Sulphur Springs in Virginia. The height of the Pilot Mountain, says Prof. Caldwell, is 1750 feet above the level of Grassy Creek, which is the nearest stream. The view from the Pinnacle is said to be the Grandest of any other point in the Southern States, embracing Kings Mountain in York Dist., S. C., Parris's Mountain in Spartanburgh, S. C., the Table Rock in Greenville Dist., S. C., all of which are 100 miles or more distant, a full view of the Blue Ridge from North East to South West, and the Alleghany as far as the eye can reach, the Peaks of Otter, the Buffalo Hump, and many other points in Virginia. A view into four States can be had at the same time.

The Pilot for the last season has been much visited by strangers from all parts of the United States. The ascension to the Pinnacle is now safe by steps and ladders from the House kept by the Subscriber, one and a half miles south of the Mountain. A good carriage Road within six hundred yards of the Pinnacle, a good Guide will always be ready to wait on strangers. No pains will be spared to wait on visitors and make them comfortable with every thing the country affords. The Stables are well supplied with corn, fodder and hay. Near the House is a fine Mineral Spring, the properties of which are Sulphur, Iron and Magnesia. Inquire for the Subscriber's House, as he is the sole proprietor and owner of the Pilot Mountain.

WM. GILLAM.
June 25, 1853. 9-tf

To Distillers & Shippers of Turpentine.

THE undersigned having completed his large and commodious Warehouse, situated on the River bank, at Lower Fayetteville, is now prepared to receive Spirits Turpentine on Storage. He expects to devote his sole attention to the business, and those who store their Spirits with him, may depend upon his being in the Warehouse every day so as to detect any leakages that may occur. Having a good Cooper always in the Warehouse, he will be able to make it an object to those who engage in the manufacture as well as to shippers to patronise him. All Spirits received in good order, will be kept so free of charge. Moderate charge made for such as is received in bad condition.

Merchants buying the article will save much trouble and expense by sending it directly to the Warehouse for inspection.

The subscriber being in no wise interested or concerned in any of the Boats, will in all cases ship as directed by the owner or shipper.

ISHAM BLAKE.
June 25, 1853. 6-5m

DeGuinon's Improved

NON-EXPLOSIVE LAMP,

FOR BURNING FLUID AND PINE OIL.

Patented January 6th, 1852.

THE subscribers having just received a lot of the above LAMPS, call the attention of the public to the same. The right to vend the Lamp in the different counties of the State will be disposed of at a reasonable price. Call and see them.

Also, 100 kegs White Lead, 50 oz. Sulphate of Quinine. Just received.

FOULKS & MACRAE.
August 20, 1853. 22tf

THE LARGEST

SILK, RIBBON, AND TRIMMING HOUSE IN NEW YORK.

Thomas G. Stearns,

IMPORTER AND JOBBER OF

SILKS, MILLINERY, AND FANCY GOODS,

At Nett Cash Prices—time granted by adding interest.

162 Broadway, N. Y.,

HAS now in Store and is daily receiving and offering at the Lowest Prices, a complete assortment of GOODS IN HIS LINE, comprising all the various styles and designs, consisting of

Black and Fancy Silks; Marcelines, Florences, Shawls, Trimmings; Bonnet Ribbons; Taffeta and Satin Ribbons; Dress Trimmings of all kinds; Embroideries; French and English Crapes, Crape Lisses, Silk Cravats; Gloves of all kinds; Silk Lace Mitts; Bareges, Laces; White Goods, Hosiery, L. C. Handkerchiefs.

The undersigned would invite Merchants from the North, South, East and West, when in the City, to favor him with a call and examine his stock before purchasing.

THOMAS G. STEARNS,
162 Broadway,
Between Liberty street and Maiden Lane, N. Y.
Jan'y 15, 1853. 61-Ypd

HEAD QUARTERS, 4TH BRIGADE,
SUMMERVILLE, N. C., August 20, 1853.

THE Commandants of Regiments constituting said Brigade, are hereby required to have their respective commands at the following times and places, armed and equipped according to law, for review and inspection, viz:

44th Regiment at Carthage, Moore county, on Tuesday, 11th October.
34th Regiment at Summerville, Cumberland county, on Thursday, 13th October.
33d Regiment at Fayetteville, " " on Saturday, 15th October.
32d Regiment at Clinton, Sampson county, on Tuesday, 18th October.
41st Regiment at Elizabethtown, Bladen county, on Thursday, 20th October.
85th Regiment at Whiteville, Columbus county, on Saturday, 22d October.

A. D. McLEAN, Brig. Gen'l,
4th Brigade N. C. M.
22-tm]

1853.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

THE undersigned are now receiving the LARGEST STOCK OF GOODS in their line that they have ever offered to the Trade, consisting of a very extensive assortment of

DRY GOODS,

Hardware, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, and Ready-made Clothing,

To which they invite the attention of their old customers and wholesale buyers generally.

HALL & SACKETT.
Fayetteville, August 20, 1853. 21tf

MILLINERY AND MANTUA-MAKING.

Mrs. Walton has just received the second stock of Spring and Summer BONNETS, consisting of Straws of a new and beautiful style, and various prices; Flowers, Ribbons, Head-dresses, Mantillas, long and short Gloves, Swiss Edgings and Insertings, Under-sleeves, Collars and Capes, Dress Caps and Dress Trimmings.

Dresses and Mantillas made in the latest style.

All orders from the country promptly attended to.

May 9, 1853. 92

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber has taken the shop between Drs. Mallett & McSwain and Eccles's Bridge, where he intends carrying on the TAILORING BUSINESS in all its branches. Having had practical experience in most of the Atlantic cities, he feels assured that he can please the most fastidious.

All orders will be executed with neatness and despatch.

E. MONAGHAN.
March 28, 1853. 81-tf

AT THE RED SIGN.

McDonald & McMaster

HAVE just received a full and complete stock of GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, &c., to which they would invite the attention of the citizens and surrounding country. They will sell low for Cash, or on time to punctual customers. They purchased their Goods for cash, and this will enable them to sell low. They have facilities that many houses have not: they have agents established in Baltimore and New York, who always advise them of any change in articles in their line, and who purchase only when bargains are to be had. We keep always on hand a splendid assortment of foreign and domestic Liquors, Loaf, Crushed and Brown Sugars, Rio, Java and Laguira Coffees, Green, Hyson and Black Teas, New Orleans and Cuba Molasses, Table and Sack Salt, Bacon, Lard, Mess Pork, Mess Beef, Smoked Beef, Dryed Venison, No. 1, 2 and 3 Mackerel, Butter, Cheese, Flour, Meal, Corn, Oats, Tobacco, Candles, Copperas, Saleratus, Indigo, Madder, Spice, Pepper, Ginger, Nutmegs, Cinamon, Epsom Salts, Saltpetre, Hardware, Cutlery, Crockery, and Glassware, and a variety of other goods.

They take this method of thanking the community and their country friends for the very liberal patronage bestowed on them, and intend, by selling goods low, to increase their former trade, always keeping in view that a nimble sixpence is worth a slow shilling.

Yellow Building, between the Market House and the Bank of the State, Gillespie Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

March 21, 1853. 78tf

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

ROBESON COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, August Term, 1853.

John Gilchrist and others, vs. the Heirs at Law of Sarah Henderson, deceased, and Mary McGirt, dec'd.

PETITION FOR PARTITION OF REAL ESTATE.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that John A. Rice Henderson and Sarah Henderson, Heirs at Law of Sarah Henderson, dec'd, are non-residents of this State: It is therefore Ordered by the Court, that publication be made six weeks successively in the Fayetteville Observer, a newspaper published in the town of Fayetteville, N. C., for the said defendants to be and appear at the next Term of said Court, to be holden for the said County of Robeson, in the Court House in Lumberton, on the fourth Monday of November next, then and there to show cause, by their pleading, if any they have, why the prayer of said Petition shall not be granted; otherwise the same will be taken pro confesso, and heard ex parte as to them.

Witness, Shadrach Howell, Clerk of said Court, at Office in Lumberton, the fourth Monday of August, A. D., 1853, and of American Indepence the 78th year.

Issued 3d day September, 1853.

26-w1t-5] S'DH HOWELL, C. C. C.

NOTICE.

AT September Term of Cumberland County Court, 1853, the subscriber qualified as Executor to the last will and testament of the late Arch'd Campbell, deceased. All persons indebted to said deceased are requested to make payment; and those having any demands against the deceased are required to present them duly authenticated, within the time limited by law, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

ALEX'R. MORISON, Ex'r.
September 7, 1853.

FURTHER NOTICE.

ON Wednesday the 28th instant, will be sold at public sale, to the highest bidder, upon a credit of six months, at the late residence of the deceased on Anderson's Creek, thirty or forty head of Beef Cattle, eight or ten hundred lbs. Bacon and Lard, and one or two hundred bushels of Corn. Purchasers will be put in immediate possession of property by giving bond with satisfactory security.

ALEX'R. MORISON, Executor.
September 7, 1853. 29-ts

COMMON SCHOOLS.

ELECTIONS will be held in the several School Districts, on the 2d Thursday in October, for three Committee men.

The Law requires that the elections be held at the respective School Houses.

Any two of the Committee men may hold the polls, and make returns to the Chairman.

In cases where no elections are held, the Board of Superintendents will appoint. By order of the Board.

EDW'D LEE WINSLOW, Ch'n.
Fayetteville, Sept. 15, 1853. 28te

LAND FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale his plantation, situated on Little Shoe-heel, immediately on the Turnpike road, containing 927 acres, about 70 of which is in a good state of cultivation. A good dwelling and all necessary out-houses on the premises, together with a tract of land containing 540 acres, adjoining the above. The above land is all well timbered, and within 4 miles of Lumber river, and 3 miles from the Distillery of Bryan Smith & Co., and 3 miles of John McNeill's Distillery, and has a sufficient quantity of water to run a Distillery on the premises.

N. B. The above land will be sold to the highest bidder, on Tuesday the 25th October next. Terms made known on the day of sale.

HECTOR McNEILL.
Laurel Hill, Sept. 15, 1853. 29*ts

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to me, either by note or account, previous to January 1853, are earnestly requested to pay up or they will find their papers in the hands of an officer for collection after the 1st day of October next, and then those that dance must pay the fiddler.

MALCOM McNEILL.
Sept. 15, 1853. 29*4w

Sale of Lots for Town Taxes.

AGREEABLY to an order passed by the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for the County of Cumberland, Sept. Term, 1853, I will expose to sale, for cash, at the Court House in Fayetteville, on the 1st Monday in December next, the following Lots, or so much thereof as will pay the taxes due the town of Fayetteville for 1852, together with all incidental expenses, viz:

1 Lot, Mason street, listed by Jno. Burkloe, valued at $250; tax $1 25.
1 Lot, Lower Fayetteville, (1 poll,) Needham Jackson, valued at $150; tax 1 75.
1 Lot, Rowan street, G. W. Rose, valued at $250; tax 1 25.
1 do., Mumford and Robeson streets, W. Wynn, valued at $750; tax 3 75.
1 do., Mumford and Robeson streets, W. Wynn, valued at $450; tax 2 25.

Unlisted and subject to Double Tax.

8 do., Lower Fayetteville, late estate G. T. Barksdale, valued at $850; tax 4 25.
1 do., Robeson street, part in town, D. Carver, valued at $150; tax 75.
1 do., Gillespie street, late Henrietta Campbell, valued at $800; tax 4 00.
1 do., Lower Fayetteville, late C. Bridge to Toll House, valued at $400; tax 2 00.
1 do., Maiden Lane, Eliza Henderson, valued at $500; tax 2 50.
1 do., Hillsborough street, Hugh McCain, valued at $400; tax 2 00.
1 do., Person street, Dillon Jordan's children, valued at $750; tax 3 75.
1 do., Lower Fayetteville, Amos Perry, and 1 poll, valued at $175; tax 1 88.
1 do., Mumford street, Maria Rose, valued at $80; tax 40.
1 do., Hay street, Joseph Seawell, valued at $1250; tax 6 25.
2 do., Maxwell and Franklin streets, Joseph Seawell, valued at $425; tax 2 13.
1 do., Cumberland street, claimed by A. S. McNeill, valued at $50; tax 25.
1 do., Ramsay street, claimed by estate A. Baily, valued at $50; tax 25.

G. DEMING, Collector.
Fayetteville, Sept. Term, 1853. [*Pr. ad.* 10 80.] 29-*t1D

MRS. HORNE will re-open her School at the Lodge room on the first Monday in October. The English Branches, Drawing, Painting, and the French Language, will be taught. Terms of Tuition, $4 to $8.

Mr. L. F. Whitaker will give lessons in Music on the Piano and Guitar to such young ladies of the School as may desire it.

Sept. 14. 28-sw1*3

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber intending to remove, will offer for sale on Thursday, the 3d of November at his residence, his stock of Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs, Farming Tools, a sett of Blacksmith Tools, &c.; and if not previously sold, will offer to the highest bidder the tract of Land on which I now reside, it lies on the Little Pocket Creek, on the Plank Road 38 miles from Fayetteville, containing 320 acres, more or less. The land is of good quality, well watered, about 75 acres under cultivation—nearly all fresh, with a very convenient house with seven rooms and four fire places, and all necessary out houses, two wells of excellent water in the yard, and a good garden convenient. I will also offer my crop of corn, fodder, wheat and oats for sale, and many other articles not mentioned.

SAMUEL PAISLEY.
Moore county, Sept. 15. 29*6pd

LANDS AND MILLS AT AUCTION.

THE Undersigned will, on SATURDAY the 29th day of October next, sell to the highest bidder the plantation upon which he now resides. The Dwelling House is new, large and comfortable, constructed upon the most modern style, and upon a fine elevation, surrounded by a beautiful Oak and Hickory grove; the Negro Cabins, Stables, &c., are all comparatively new, well arranged, and conveniently located. There are two hundred and fifty Acres under cultivation; its fertility and productiveness will be apparent to any one who will examine the crop now upon it. There is also upon the premises a Saw and Grist Mill and Cotton Gin, all in good condition, each having a regular and profitable custom. The location is healthy and the neighborhood is unsurpassed for industry, sobriety and intelligence. A rare opportunity is offered to parents having children to educate, as it is convenient both to Floral College, and Laurinburg High School.

Also, Two Hundred and Fifty Acres of Land one mile and a half distant, lying upon both sides of the road from Rockingham to Lumberton, known as the ROCKY-FORD upon Shoeheel Creek. The stream is never-failing, a large amount of money has been expended in the making of a DAM, &c. with the view of locating Mills and Manufacturing operations, no buildings, however, have been erected; any person or persons wishing to engage in MANUFACTURING operations would do well to examine the location.

For further information address me at Stewartsville, or examine the premises.

Terms one half Cash upon delivery of possession, the balance upon reasonable time with interest.

DANIEL McNEILL.
Stewartsville, Richmond Co., Sept. 19, 1853. 29*ts

5580 ACRES OF LANDS AT AUCTION.

THE Undersigned having failed to sell their Lands and Mills upon the terms previously advertised, now propose to sell on THURSDAY, the 27th of October next, at the Red Banks to the highest bidder, the separate tracts or parcels, viz:

Two thousand acres lying on the East side of Lumber River and on the North and West side of the Fayetteville and Harlleesvile road including the Mills, Dwelling and out houses, and *three hundred and fifty* acres of cleared land.

Twelve hundred and fifty acres on the same side of the River and on the East side of the Fayetteville and Harleesville road, including the Red Banks, proper, and *one hundred and fifty* acres of cleared land.

Four hundred acres on the same side of the River known as the Lowrie Land, which will be sold in lots of *one hundred acres each.*

Seven hundred and thirty acres on the West side of the River including *thirty-five* acres of cleared land.

All of the above Lands were particularly described in an advertisement published in this paper from the 8th of April to the 10th of May last, persons who have not had an opportunity of examining them will please refer to the said advertisement, or write to us at Gillopolis.

Terms.—One-half Cash upon delivery of possession, the balance upon reasonable time with interest.

W. McNEILL, Sr.
JOHN McNEILL.
Red Banks, Robeson Co., Sept. 19, 1853. 29*ts

IF NOT previously disposed of, I will sell at the same time and place and upon the same terms, Twelve hundred acres of heavily timbered land on the East side of Lumber River twelve miles above Lumberton.

JOHN McNEILL.
Sept. 19. 29*ts
Carolinian and Wil. Journal copy weekly till sale.

LAND FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale 1500 acres of Land in the upper end of Robeson county, 25 miles Southwest of Fayetteville and within two miles of the Stage Road leading from that place to Cheraw, S. C. This land with the improvements, has as many advantages as any ever offered for sale in this region of country.

For Farming, the upland is inferior to none and there is enough of it cleared to require the labor of eight or ten hands; there is besides an extensive Swamp, easily drained, and which by trial has proved equal to the best River Land.

To Turpentine getters it holds out greater inducements. It is densely timbered and the soil of a kind to render the yield of Turpentine greatest, and is sufficiently near to market to render the business profitable. There is not a better location for a still in the country.

There is on the premises a Saw-mill, which with the quantity of Timber and constant home demand for Lumber could be made a source of profit; a Grist-mill which has always had an extensive custom; a Georgia Gin and a Screw, both new; a good Dwelling, and all other houses on a healthy location and with good water.

If not sold privately it will be put up at public sale on Thursday the 13th October.

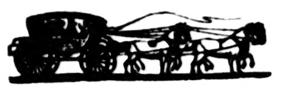
Terms liberal, and made known on day of sale.

For further information address

JAS. A. McNEILL,
Montpelier, N. C.
Sept. 8, 1853. 29*4t

CEDAR FALLS Cotton Yarn and Sheetings, for sale at Factory prices, by TROY & MARSH.
May 30, 1853. 98tf

To the Traveling Public.



THE subscriber begs leave to inform the public, that the line of FOUR-HORSE POST COACHES between this place and Warsaw, is still in operation, notwithstanding the low stage of water on the river, and the law of Congress in regard to passenger boats.

The time of arrival and departure is as follows:
Leave Fayetteville daily at 3 o'clock A. M.
Arrive at Warsaw at 3 o'clock P. M.
Leave Warsaw at 10 or 11 o'clock A. M.
Arrive at Fayetteville at 10 o'clock P. M.

M. McKINNON.
June 11, 1853. 2*6m

LEATHER BANDS.

THE subscriber has put up machinery for stretching, cementing and riveting Bands with copper rivets. The Bands are stretched with powerful machines, made expressly for that purpose, and the difficulty of bands stretching and ripping, under the common way of making them, is entirely removed by this process. Bands made in this way will hold their width evenly, run true, and have a uniform bearing on the drum or pully, and will give from 15 to 20 per cent. more power than those made in the ordinary way. They are made out of the best selected oak tanned Spanish Leather, and no pains will be spared to make them equal to the best Northern Bands, and will be sold as low as can be bought in New York.

CHAS. M. LINES,
Hunt's Store P. O., Guilford co., N. C.
Band Shop near Jessee Walker's Mill, Deep River.
These Bands for sale by W. H. Lutterloh, Fayetteville.
January 31, 1853. 64*1y

COPARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned have this day formed a Copartnership under the name and style of firm of

G. W. LAWRENCE & CO.,

For the purpose of carrying on a general MERCANTILE, DISTILLING TURPENTINE AND COOPERAGE BUSINESS

At **MARY'S GARDEN**, on the East side of Cape Fear River, seven miles above Fayetteville, on the Northern Plank Road, where we have on hand and expect to receive soon, a large and well-selected stock of GOODS,—a general assortment, which we offer for sale on as reasonable terms as can be had in Fayetteville. All kinds of Country produce, *Turpentine and Cash*, will be taken in exchange for goods.

G. W. LAWRENCE.
T. R. UNDERWOOD.
Sept. 1, 1853. 25*tf

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

THE Subscriber is now receiving direct from New York a large and general assortment of

Staple and Fancy Goods, a large assortment of Ready-Made Clothing,

Hats, Caps, Boots, and Shoes, Ladies' and Misses' Silk lace and Florence Bonnets;

A large assortment of Groceries, Hardware, &c. Cutlery, Saddlery, Crockery, &c., to which I invite the attention of my friends, customers and the public generally.

JAMES A. McCOLEMAN.
Springfield, N. C., Sept. 8, 1853. 27-5tw

New Enterprise at the South.

THE Proprietors of the South Union Woollen Mills make the following proposition to Southern planters, viz: Send your Wool to the above named Mills, in the condition in which it is sent to be made into rolls, (picked, washed and oiled,) and you can have it manufactured into good heavy Kerseys for 12½ cents per yard—the proprietors furnishing the warp. Having entered upon this enterprise, the proprietors are determined to succeed; and they know they will, if you will but give them your patronage. They make no factious appeal to sectional prejudice: they only say, try us, planters of the South. Wool carded into rolls at the above Mills with great despatch. A quantity of thick heavy Woollen Kerseys kept constantly on hand for sale. The above Mills are situated 5½ miles North-East of Rockingham, Richmond Co., N. C.

STEELE & SHORTRIDGE.
June 4, 1853. 200*

S. S. Arey

HAS on hand a BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT of NEW

Spring & Summer Goods.

He desires to return thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which they have bestowed on him, and desires a continuance of the same. His friends and the public are requested to give him a call, at the Stand formerly occupied by S. J. Hinsdale, South-west corner of Market Square and Gillespie st.

April 28, 1853. 90*6m

OFF FOR TEXAS.

THE SUBSCRIBER having determined to remove to Texas, offers for sale 3000 acres of land lying in Robeson county, four miles west of Cape Fear River, where produce can be sent to market any season of the year; there is a part of the land boxed, and cannot be surpassed by any in the State for Turpentine; also, there is as fine mill timber as any to be found in the State.

There is now in operation on the above land a Steam Saw Mill, which cannot be surpassed by any perpendicular Saw for making an abundance of good lumber, and is offered for sale with the above land.

Any person wishing to purchase would do well to call soon, as there will be a bargain to be had. For information, address

Mrs. SARAH WRIGHT, Gray's Creek,
D. M. BUIE, Fayetteville.
Aug. 8, 1853. 17*3m

FALL GOODS, 1853.

BENBOW, KYLE & CO.

ARE NOW receiving their FALL STOCK: the following is a part only:

GROCERIES.

135 bags Rio and Laguira Coffee;
30 bbls. Refined, Granulated and Crushed Sugars;
5 hhds. Porto Rico and New Orleans Sugar;
30 bbls. Mess Pork;
40 bbls. Mackerel,—*New;*
1000 lbs. Scotch Snuff, Eagle Mills, and very small bladders;
700 lbs. Sup. Carbonate Soda;
50 kegs Extra White Lead;
4 tons Swedes Iron, all sizes.

—ALSO—

Corn Shellers; Straw Cutters; Gunny, Dundee and light Bagging; Rope and Twine; Nails; Hollow ware; Hardware, Well buckets; Pails; Brooms; Buckets; &c.

A good assortment of DRY GOODS, Kerseys, Lindseys, Negro Blankets, and a large lot Shoes and Boots, will be sold very low. Call and examine for yourselves.

BENBOW, KYLE & CO.
Aug. 22. 21*2m

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

Lewis Pipkin and others—EX PARTE.

PETITION FOR SALE OF LAND.

IT appearing that Jesse Pipkin, Archibald Pipkin, Daniel Pipkin, Jacob Herring and wife Clarissa, Daniel Keathly and wife Hannah, Caroline, Archibald, Marshall, Pipkin, and Jerry, children of Polly Keathly, are not inhabitants of this State: it is therefore adjudged that publication be made in the Fayetteville Observer for six weeks, for said non-residents personally to be and appear before the Judge of our Court of Equity, to be held for the County of Cumberland, on the seventh Monday after the fourth Monday in September next, then and there to plead, answer or demur, or the same will be taken as confessed, and set for hearing ex parte.

Witness, Arch'd A. T. Smith, Clerk and Master of our said Court of Equity, at Office, the 7th Monday after the 4th Monday of March, 1853.

ARCH'D A. T. SMITH,
28-1tsw*6t] Clerk and Master.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

Cumberland Superior Court of Law—Spring Term, 1853.

Catharine J. Campbell *vs.* Dougald Campbell.
Petition for Divorce.

IN this case, it is Ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the Fayetteville Observer and the North Carolinian, two Newspapers printed in the Town of Fayetteville, notifying the Defendant to appear and answer, as commanded by the Subpœna, at the next Term of this Court, or the Petition will be heard ex parte, and judgment rendered accordingly.

D. G. MAC RAE, Clerk.
August 18, 1853. 25-tC

WANTED,

ONE HUNDRED LABORERS, white or black work on the Alabama and Mississippi River Road. Owners of Negro fellows will find it to their interest to hire to us. We will hire for one to three Liberal prices will be paid, and payments quarterly desired. The country is high and very healthy.

For further particulars, inquire of Col. Thomas Waddill, Fayetteville, or address

W. WADDILL, Jr. & CO.,
Selma,
August 22, 1853.

VALUABLE PLANT

FOR SALE.

BEING determined to remove to Florida sale my PLANTATION, situated of Lumberton, immediately on the Road from ton to Floral College or Rockingham.

The tract of land contains five hundred and acres, one hundred and twenty acres of which is fine state of cultivation, with good fence and es. This land is as fertile and as well adapted culture of Corn, Peas and Cotton as any in this of country. The woodland is well timbered, and immediately on Lumber River, offers inducements Turpentine, Tar and Timber getters.

The dwelling is a roomy and comfortable building, situated on an elevated spot in the middle the cultivated land; with all necessary out new and newly repaired; with the best Well of the yard that can be named in Robeson purity of the water alone is a safe guarantee and happiness. Apply to me on the premises.

August 13, 1853.

☞ There is also within two hundred yards dwelling an elegant Mill Site, dam already never failing stream.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

BLADEN COUNTY.

R. S. Gillispie *vs.* James F. Gillispie, P. W. and wife, and others.

IN EQUITY.—Spring Term, 185

IN this case, it is ordered, that Neill pointed Guardian, ad litem, to Frank Martha J. Gillispie, Elizabeth Gillispie, pie, and Richard B. Gillispie, infant defendants.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Peter W. McDaniel and Sarah R. his wife, in this cause, reside beyond the limits of this is Ordered, that publication be made in the ville Observer for six weeks, for the said Daniel and wife to be and appear before the the Court of Equity at Elizabeth Town, Monday after the fourth Monday in September plead, answer or demur to this bill, or the same taken pro confesso, and set down for hearing

Witness, J. C. Wooten, Clerk and Master Court, at Office in Elizabeth Town, the first ter the fourth in March, Anno Domini, American Independence the 78th year.

21*6t] J. C. WOOTEN, C. M.

CLINTON FEMALE INSTITU

THIS Institution will commence its on the second Monday in July next. Every of female education is taught in the Institute present number of Scholars warrants the School in our country furnishes greater imparting knowledge.

The expenses per annum will not exceed the most advanced literary course, and with the number of extras the necessary expenses not exceed $170.

Board per month in the Institute may be had in the private families of the cheaper.

Tuition for all English branches, weeks, primary course $10; all branches 2d Classes $12; Junior and Senior Classes

For particulars the public is referred lars, which can be had by addressing the the Principal.

H. A. BIZZELL,
of Board of Trus
Clinton, May 26, 1853.

At a meeting of the Board of Sup

intendents of Common Schools for Cumberland held at the Office of the Chairman, September 1853—

Present: Edw'd Lee Winslow, Chairman; John Hector McNeill, and Lauchlin Bethune, Esquires.

It is Ordered by the Board, That an Examining mittee for the County be appointed, consisting of ter A. Huske and Jesse T. Warden, Esquires.

All certificates now held by Teachers shall sidered as void after the 1st day of January 1854 those who desire to become Teachers in the Schools of this County are hereby notified that Committee will meet at the Office of the Chairman the 24th, 25th and 26th days of October next, all persons may then apply. *No Examinations held on any other days or at any other time.*

In all cases applicants must produce a certificate signed by two respectable persons, testifying moral character and fitness of the applicant to teach.

The law requires at least three Examinations year, and notice will be given as to other periods Examinations will be held.

No person teaching a Common School can draw public money without a certificate that he or she been passed by the Committee of Examination. Certificates are good but for one year.

By order of the Board.
EDW'D LEE WINSLOW, Chairman.
Sept. 1, 1853.

Fall, 1853.

WE are now receiving our FALL STOCK of STAPLE AND FANCY

Dry Goods, Hats, Caps, Silk and Straw Bonnets, Umbrellas, &c.

—ALSO—

12,000 pairs Boots and Shoes.

Well assorted; together with a

Large Stock of Ready-made Clothing

From common to good qualities.

The above comprises by far the LARGEST we have ever offered, and will be sold at the market prices for cash or good paper. We will pleased to show our Goods.

H. & E. J. LILLY.
Fayetteville, August 19, 1853.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

COLUMBUS COUNTY.

IN EQUITY—At Spring Term, 185

Sarah Yates, widow of Luke Yates; Absalom Calvin, Francis, Robert Yancy, and Oliver Lucy Baldwin; Joseph C. Lee, Guardian of F. McMillan, a Lunatic; William L. Kelly, ly, Samuel Cox and wife Nancy; Luke J. Yates vin D. Godwin and wife Margaret C.; Sarah W., John, Doctor E., Mary A., Martha J. and Brady F. Yates, the last seven of whom are nors and sue by their next friend Dr. F. John Byrd and wife Elizabeth; Eleanor Yates, fant, by her guardian Francis Floyd; Joseph C. Lee and wife Helen Sophia; Chester well and wife Caroline,

AGAINST

James Kelly, Daniel Yates, James Lee and wife ney, Jesse Lee and wife Betsey, Robert E. and wife Sarah, Evan Huggins and wife

Petition for Partition of Land.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court said James Kelly, Daniel Yates, James Lee and Winney, Jesse Lee and wife Betsey, Robert E. and wife Sarah, Evan Huggins and wife Elizabeth non-residents of this State: It is ordered that tion be made in the Fayetteville Observer, for the of six weeks, notifying the said parties to be and at the next term of the Court of Equity, to be the county of Columbus, at the Court House in ville, on the third Monday after the fourth Monday September, and plead, answer or demur to the tition, or the same will be heard ex parte as to and a decree rendered pro confesso.

Witness, Malcom R. Morrison, Clerk and Master our said Court, at Office, on this the eleventh August, A. D. 1853.

21*6t] M. R. MORRISON, C. M.

TO COOPERS.

WE would like to employ five or six Coopers to make Spirit Casks or Pine

G. W. LAWRENCE
Mary's Garden, Sept. 1, 1853.

WANTED.

IN Bladen county, near Cypress Creek Post good competent TEACHER, one that is teaching all the English branches, and of good Early application is desired. JOHN HERRING
Cypress Creek Bladen Co., N. C., Sept. 11, 1853. 29*2t